The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

THE CAPITAL.

Internal Revenue Receipts—Losses on the Texas Border Exaggerated—Decision of the Secretary of the Interior on Railway Lands—Outstanding Three Per Cents—The Suit of the N. Y. C. R. R. Against the Collector at Albany—The President's Louisiana Proclamation Expired.

WASHINGTON, June 11, 1873.

Decision on Railway Lands.

The Secretary of the Interior to-day decided that under the sixth section of the act of Congress granting lands to aid in the construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad, the filing of a map of the general route protects the company from pre-emption settlements within the granted limits, which in the States are twenty miles on each side of the line.

The New York Central Railroad Suit Against the Collector at Albany.

Crowley, United States District Attorney for Western New York, was at the Internal revenue Bureau to-day, in consultation with Commissioner Douglass in regard to the suit brought by the New York Central Railroad Company against the Collector at Albany to recover the $468,000 taxes paid to him under protest. The suit will be tried, toward the last of this month, at Canandaigua, Judge Hunt holding the term.

Expiration of the President's Louisiana Proclamation.

The twenty days' notice given by the President's proclamation to persons attempting to interfere with the Kellogg Government in Louisiana, in which they were ordered to cease their efforts in that direction, expires to-day, and the Attorney General does not think there will be any further occasion for interference by the National Government.

Losses on the Texas Border Exaggerated.

The Government has been informed that the list of losses made up by the commission appointed to examine into the condition of affairs along the Texas border is very greatly exaggerated, and in many cases a loss is represented ten times greater than the whole valuation of property destroyed.

Internal Revenue Receipts.

The Internal Revenue Receipts for the current fiscal year have reached $169,267,148, being within $500,000 of the complete estimates of the Commissioner for the entire year ending with the present month.

Outstanding Three Per Cents.

Of $65,000,000 three per cents outstanding, in November, 1870, all but $30,000 have been called in and redeemed.

WEATHER REPORT.

Midnight Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. ARMY,
Division of Telegrams and Reports for the Benefit of Commerce and Agriculture.

METEOROLOGICAL RECORD,
June 11, 1873, 10:46 P. M.

Place of Observation.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	Rain in Inches and 100ths.	State of Weather.
Cairo, Ill.	30.05	72	NE	Light	—	Clear
Cincinnati	29.89	70	NE	Gentle	—	Clear
Davenport, Iowa.	30.09	67	S	Calm	—	Clear
Dubuque	30.08	67	S	Calm	—	Clear
Leavenworth	30.09	67	N	Calm	—	Fair
Louisville	30.07	68	NE	Light	—	Clear
Memphis	29.95	74	SE	Light	08	Cloudy
Nashville	30.05	71	SE	Gentle	—	Cloudy
New Orleans	30.00	76	S	Gentle	—	Clear
Omaha	30.06	70	S	Gentle	—	Clear
Pittsburgh	29.96	70	NW	Light	—	Clear
Shreveport	30.04	78	NE	Light	—	Clear
St. Louis	30.08	73	E	Light	—	Clear
St. Paul, Minn	30.02	66	SE	Fresh	—	Fair
Fort Gibson	30.10	75	S	Calm	—	Cloudy
Brookville	30.07	69	N	Gentle	—	Clear
La Crosse	30.21	64	SW	S	—	Clear

LOCAL RECORD FOR YESTERDAY.

Mean Barometer.....30.023
Mean Thermometer.....7
Mean Humidity.....67 per cent.
Highest Temperature.....75
Direction.....Southwesterly.
Weather.....Clearing.
Amount of rainfall, 0.2 inches.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, June 12, 1873, 1 A. M.

Synopsis for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

The area of lowest barometer on Tuesday night, central over northeastern New York, has moved eastward over and beyond Maine, accompanied by cloudy weather, and rain areas from Tennessee northeastward over the Middle and New England States. Partly cloudy weather, with rain areas, has prevailed over the South and Middle States generally, and clear weather north and west of the Ohio valley, and is now reported from New England and the northern part of the Middle States. The barometer has risen over the upper lake region, where it was highest. It has fallen over the Northwestern States, with brisk winds, to southerly winds and generally clear weather.

Probabilities for To-day.

For New England, rising barometer, light and fresh northerly to westerly winds and generally clear weather.

For the Middle States, rising barometer, light to fresh northwesterly and northeasterly winds and clear or partly cloudy weather.

From the Ohio valley to the lakes, winds veering to light, and from northeasterly and southeasterly and generally clear weather.

For the South Atlantic States, light to fresh variable winds and generally cloudy weather and areas of light rain.

For Tennessee and Kentucky, light to fresh northerly and easterly winds and clear and clearing weather.

For the northwest, falling barometer, easterly to southerly winds and increasing cloudiness, with probably threatening weather. The majority of midnight telegraphic reports from the gulf States, upper lake region and the northwest have not yet been received.

THE RIVERS.

OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A.,
Pittsburgh, Pa., June 11, 1873.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours ending 3 P. M., June 11, 1873:

Stations.	Above Low Water.	Change in 24 hours.	Direction of Wind.	State of Weather.
	ft. in.	ft. in.		
Boonville	10	+1	SE	Fair
Brownsville	2	+0 1	SW	Clear
Brunswick, Mo.	24 10	+0 5	NE	Fair
Cairo, Ill.	26	** **	NE	Cloudy
Cincinnati	8 10	-0 2	NE	Fair
Confluence		+ 2		Cloudy
Davenport	10	7 +1	4 NW	Clear
Evansville	7	-0 9	N	Cloudy
Fort Sully	7	11 +0 3	SE	Clear
Hermann, Mo.	10	8 -1 1	N	Fair
Jefferson City	14	3 -0 2	NW	Cloudy
Kansas City	16	3 +0 9	W	Clear
Keokuk	11	6 +0 3	N	Fair
Leavenworth		8 +0 1	SE	Fair
‡Lexington				
Morgantown	10			Cloudy
Little Rock	11	6	NW	L't Rain
Louisville	8	2 +3 4		Cloudy
Marietta	4	3 -0 2	SW	L't Rain
Memphis	21	11 -0 11	N	Tarest'g
Nashville	5	10 +0 3		Cloudy
New Geneva	1	10 -0 1	NW	L't Rain
‡‡New Orleans	2	5	W	Fair
Oil City		7 +0 6	W	Fair
Omaha	13	3 +0 3	SE	Fair
Paducah	9	-0 3	SW	Clear
Pittsburgh	2	8 -0 6	NW	Fair
Shreveport	27	5 -0 2	N	Cloudy
St. Louis	25	** **	NE	Fair
St. Paul	15	5 +0 7	E	Fair
Vicksburg	39	2 -2 2	NW	H'y Rain
Warsaw	11	-0 9	N	Fair
Yankton	12	9 -0 4	S	Fair

* Below bench mark.
**Change not known.
‡River rising, gauge torn up by steamboat.
‡‡Below high water mark.

JAS. B. MURRAY,
Observer Signal Service, U. S. A.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—River 9 feet; rising from local rains. Departed—Bermuda, Evansville; Nashville, Memphis.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—Arrived Illinois, Peoria; Beaver, La Salle; Johnson, Keokuk; Vicksburg and Bertram, Cincinnati; Grafton, Mound City; Belle Memphis, Memphis. Departed—Johnson, Keokuk; La Belle, Missouri River; Illinois, Peoria; Great Republic and Mary Allee, New Orleans; Grand Tower, Memphis; Clinton, St. Paul; Oriole, Memphis; Alice Brown, Cairo. River rising slowly. Clear and warm.

LOUISVILLE, June 11.—River falling; 4 feet 6 inches in canal; 2 feet 6 inches in chute; 8 feet out to Cairo. A gentle rain all morning; cloudy and mild. Business very dull. Arrived—Little Condor and barges, Pomeroy; Smoky City, New Orleans; Lawrence, Nashville. Departed—Condor, Cairo; Simpson Horner, Pittsburgh; Lawrence, Cincinnati.

CAIRO, June 11.—Arrived—City of Helena, St. Louis, 1 P. M.; Future City, New Orleans, 2; Glencoe, St. Louis, 6; Eldyville, Nashville, 7. Departed—Helena, Vicksburg, 4 P. M.; Glencoe, New Orleans, 8. The James Fisk, the Paducah packet, broke a shaft above Cairo this evening. She will be towed to Paducah. River risen 4 inches. Cloudy; mercury 76.

EVANSVILLE, June 11.—Cloudy and pleasant; mercury 68 to 70; now clearing up. River stationary. Up—Ed. Hobbs and barges and George Roberts, 9 A. M. Down—Samuel Roberts, 10 A. M.; Mary Ament, 2 P. M.; Grey Eagle, Florence Lee and Idlewild 6. Business light.

MEMPHIS, June 11.—River falling at the rate of 6 inches per day. Generally cloudy and sultry. Arrived—Utah, Little Rock. Departed—City of Vicksburg, St. Louis; Henry, St. Louis; Henry Probasco, St. Louis; Mary Houston, Louisville.

LITTLE ROCK, June 11.—Heavy rain again to-day. River still rising. Arrived—Clarksville, from above. Departed—Mary Boyd, Memphis.

NASHVILLE, June 11.—River rising; four and a half feet on the shoals. Arrived—Tyrone. Departed—Lumsden, Cairo.

NEW ORLEANS, June 11.—Arrived—Nick Longworth, Louisville. Departed—James Howard, St. Louis. Cloudy; thermometer 85.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 11, 1873.

The Remains of Minister Orr.

The remains of the late Minister Orr were landed from the steamer at 11 o'clock this morning and escorted by the Knights Templars and a detachment of the police force to City Hall, where they will lie in state in the Governor's room. The Grand Lodge will furnish guards of honor while the body remains in state. The church services will take place at Rev. Mr. Hepworth's church, Madison avenue and Forty-fifth street, at four o'clock Friday afternoon. Dr. Stephen H. Tyng, Jr., will read the Protestant Episcopal Church service, which will be followed by a sermon by Mr. Hepworth, and the Deputy Grand Master will conduct the Masonic burial service. The President, at his express wish, was informed last evening of the arrival of the body, and has signified his intention of being present at the services on Friday.

The Seventh Regiment has been ordered to escort the remains of Minister Orr on Friday.

The casket containing the body was viewed by two thousand persons at City Hall to-day. Several members of the City Council remain on watch throughout the night with the Knights Templar guard.

Walworth Arraigned.

Frank H. Walworth was arraigned in the Court of Oyer and Terminer to-day on the charge of having murdered his father. He pleaded, through his counsel, Judge Garvin, "not guilty." The counsel for the defense are to arrange with the District Attorney for the day of the trial, which will be about two weeks.

Rumored Illegality of Recent City Appointments.

It is rumored about City Hall that all the recent city appointments are illegal, in consequence of their non-publication in the City Record, in accordance with the law, a paper not yet established.

Salaries of Civil Jus ices.

The Court of Appeals has decided that the city justices are entitled to ten thousand dollars per annum, to which the salaries were raised by the Board of Supervisors, whose authority to do so was resisted by Comptroller Green. The decision costs the city $150,000.

Requiem Mass for a Dead Cuban.

This morning a requiem mass was celebrated in St. Stephen's church for the soul of Gen. Ignacio Agramonte. The church was crowded with Cubans.

A Robber Sentenced.

Eli Browne, a notorious western robber and counterfeiter, was sentenced to five years in the State prison for stealing a watch and fourteen hundred dollars from Thomas W. Fuller.

Universal Peace Union Convention.

The seventh annual convention of the Universal Peace Union is being held here. Among the resolutions is one thanking President Grant for the Indian peace policy.

Goodrich Inquest Postponed.

The resumption of the Goodrich inquest has been postponed a few days at the request of the police.

Home for Incurables.

The corner stone of the new Home for Incurables was laid at Fordham to-day, William Cullen Bryant making the address.

Injunction Granted.

The injunction sought for by Mark Twain to restrain the publication of his works by Benjamin Suth, was granted this morning.

Specie Shipments.

The specie shipments to-day were $600,000 in silver bars.

NEW BRIGHTON.

The M. E. District Conference—Interesting Discussions—Practical Topics Under Consideration—Hints for Pastors and Laymen.

Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

NEW BRIGHTON, June 11, 1873.

The District Conference re-convened in pursuance of adjournment yesterday noon, at 1:30 P. M. Rev. Dr. Nesbit in the chair. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. C. A. Holmes, D. D., after which the 5th question of the forenoon programme was taken up, being "Discussion on the best methods of taking up the disciplinary collections." The discussion was opened by

Rev. J. L. Deens, who gave the result of his own experience, that the use of cards or printed notices was the best method known to him. The card should contain a list of all the collections asked for, with the request that the party receiving, would subscribe to each cause as his ability might warrant. The result of this plan was, in his experience, that more money was secured and greater uniformity had.

The next question.—"What more can be done to promote the spiritual life and growth of the Church?"—was discussed, being opened by Rev. J. A. Miller, who laid the most stress on a vigorous use of the means of grace—meaning attendance on public worship, class meetings, etc. This was to be supplemented by the most intense earnestness and zeal. All the powers of the man were to be put to work to meet the great want of his spiritual nature and build him up.

Rev. Dr. C. A. Holmes elaborated the theme by discussing not only the duties man owes to God, but as well those that he owes to man. He illustrated the thought by referring to an individual who was excellent and safe *Godward*, but needed watching *manward*. Not alone are we to depend upon the means of grace—not alone on prayer and praise, but a strict observance of moral duties must be had. The man must be honest, virtuous and in every way a thoroughly moral man, if he desire to gain a strength and power in spiritual life.

The next question, "What additional safeguards can be thrown around probationers to hold them for Christ and the church," was opened by Rev. W. Lynch, of Beaver. He summed up his reasoning as follows: First, that every probationer be assigned to a class; second, that the interest in class meetings must be revived; third, by making the probationer feel that they are not merely honorary members, but put them to work and give them a share of the responsibilities of the church.

Rev. Father P. McGown took part in the discussion and made an effective plea for care and oversight over the converts and children of the church.

Rev. Mr. Cartwright thought the system of probation ought to be abolished and converts taken into full communion when converted.

Rev. M. L. Weekley took the same position and held that upon a confession of faith, the party seeking admission should be received.

Rev. J. A. Miller and others spoke to the effect that too much ought not to be required of a convert, let their religious offerings all be voluntary, etc., to which

Rev. J. R. Mills responded that too much liberty in this regard was dangerous, and apt to fail of bringing about required results.

The next question, "Discussion on the best methods of caring for the baptized children of the church," was introduced by Rev. R. Cartwright and discussed at some length, wherein the relative duties of the parents, pastor and Sunday School, to the children, were fully treated.

Adjourned to 8 o'clock P. M.

Evening session convened at the appointed hour.

Devotional exercises conducted by Rev. R. Jordan.

Reports of Superintendents of Sunday Schools were received.

The next question, "Discussion on the advantages, and disadvantages, if there be any, of the Berean series of lessons," was introduced by Rev. J. R. Mill, and most thoroughly and exhaustively treated. The advantages suggested were: 1st. It gives to teachers and workers in Sunday Schools the benefit of the most extensive research and study. 2d. The author of the series draws from every lesson some prominent truth and spiritual lesson.

The disadvantages were: 1st. That it interrupts and prevents to some extent original thought, and the teacher is encouraged to accept and teach what the author teaches. 2d. It ties the teacher down to one passage of scripture.

But the heartiest commendation was given to this interesting and valuable plan of lessons.

Rev. T. N. Boyle found some disadvantages in the series. 1st, that as teachers use them in the schools, the tendency is to ignore or neglect the Bible; and 2d, puts a straight jacket on the teacher by confining him to a particular portion of Scripture. Yet there is so much good in the lessons, that they deserve the highest praise. He looked upon the Lesson Leaves as a link between the teachers and parents of the children. He deemed the advantages of the system so great that they infinitely overbalanced any defects.

Rev. Dr. Holmes believed that the advantages far transcended all the disadvantages. He expressed a fear that the lessons being so systematic, and so necessary to be observed regularly, that the pastor might be driven from his oversight of the children of the church.

The "Place and value of song in the Sunday school" was next discussed by George Dobbs, Isaac Eaton and others, after which the meeting adjourned until 8:30 o'clock Wednesday morning.

The Wednesday morning session was opened with devotional exercises conducted by Rev. Jos. Alexander. The question of the value, place and work of the local preacher in the Church was taken up, and discussion introduced by Rev. J. F. Dravo. He would not ordain local preachers, thus depriving them of the right of administering the Sacraments. He would also lop off the title of "Reverend," which in many cases is paraded with seeming pride, by some of our good local preachers. He would make those preachers helpers and coworkers with the pastor, who should do their work wherever the greatest good could be done.

Several others spoke on this subject. The Presiding Elder closed the remarks by stating that the district is well occupied by preaching points, and that no destitute places, needing the labors of the local preachers, were to be found in his district.

Resolutions were then offered to make suitable provision for the employment of the local ministry, that under the direction of the several pastors all the work possible might be done by them.

The question, where shall our next session be held? was answered by choosing Arch Street Church, of Allegheny City. A motion was then made for an adjournment *sine die*. This elicited considerable discussion. The programme called for two more sessions, one this afternoon and the other to-night. After an animated discussion adjournment was decided upon, much to the chagrin of the good people who had made preparations to entertain their visitors, and to those who had really come not to while away the time but to *learn*.

LAYMAN.

STATE NEWS.

THE Erie *Gazette* is to be revived.

A PAPER MILL is to be erected in Bellefonte.

ONLY eight counties in the State are out of debt.

KITTANNING is swarming with railroad engineers.

LEHIGH VALLEY "Mahd Mullers" plant corn at this season.

MEADVILLE has a park, and the fuss now is about the music.

THE "cider dodge" is very popular in Local Option counties.

BERKS COUNTY people complain of being overrun with "tramps."

THREE Farmers' Granges have been established in Montgomery county.

WHIT MONDAY was celebrated in old-time style in Chester county towns.

MRS. WILER, of Reading, fell down the cellar stairs and killed herself by the fall.

MR. WOOD, of the firm of Wood, Morrell & Co., Camberia Iron Works, is dead.

THEY have an iron mania in Chester county, and are prospecting in all directions.

AN Irish gentleman was robbed of $200 at the Johnstown Station, Pennsylvania Railroad saturday night.

MEADVILLE proposes to spend about $177,000 in a new water works. That last fire warmed them up on the subject.

THE Episcopal Diocese of Central Pennsylvania is in session at Reading. It comprises 74 clergymen, representing 84 parishes.

A MAN in Wayne county recently received a check for $1,000 from Japan, as a reward for having saved the sender's life fifteen years previously.

A COUPLE of dogs with the hydrophobia went around Scranton the other day, scaring the people, until the lives of the canines were ended with bullets.

THE sixteenth annual fair of the Clarion county Agricultural Society will be held on the society's grounds, at Clarion, on September 23, 24, 25 and 26, 1873.

IN the mine of Messrs. Fegley, Gable & Co., at Boyertown, Berks county, a vein of iron ore 150 feet in thickness has been discovered at the depth of 500 feet.

JACOB ROSS was killed in Erie a few days since by being thrown from a wagon, and striking on his head on the track of the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad.

THE Glendon Iron Company has at present an unusual large stock of pig iron on hand. The value of the iron awaiting call is estimated at a half a million of dollars.

THREE million, seven hundred thousand gallons of oil were shipped over the Lebanon Valley branch of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad in the month of May.

AN elopement ripples the social surface of Pottstown. Frederick Bickel, "clerk" on a canal boat, has run away with Miss Emma Minnifield, a farm maid of "sweet sixteen."

IN the silk manufactories of Manayunk about 4,500 persons are employed, and their wages amount annually to about two millions of dollars. The capital invested is about $10,000,000.

W. C. DAVIS, a lunatic, escaped from the asylum at Harrisburg, and a couple of days afterwards was found on the railroad track, not far from the city, with his head severed from the body.

AN army of crows "cleaned out" a corn field of nine acres in Chester County, in five minutes the other day, and left the farmer mourning. The "oldest inhabitant" could recall nothing like it.

THE first oil train passed over the Shenango and Allegheny Railroad on the third inst. The pipe lines are completed from Greece City and Petrolia to Harrisville, the present terminus of the road.

ONE who has tried it assures us that wood ashes sprinkled on potato vines, dry, is certain death to the Colorado potato bug. If this is so, the remedy is much safer and cheaper than Paris Green.

THE Altoona *Tribune* has a new head, and boasts that it is the prettiest in the State—; it is not the editors head, but the typographical head of the paper that is so enthusiastically spoken of and which is certainly neat enough to be worthy of praise.

GEORGE PALM, of Reading, deserted his wife the other day; Mrs. Palm, who is the mother of a two year old child made arrangements to enter a house of ill-fame to support herself, but was prevented by the authorities, and furnished with a home.

THE Waynesburg *Republican* notes the arrival lately of many new pianos, and advises the young ladies who devote their whole attention to pummeling them to take lessons in breadmaking and other lost arts connected with household economy.

AT Williamsport, recently, a man while suffering from typhoid fever, left his bed, and going to a neighbor's premises, jumped into a well. He remained standing in the water, which reached to his chin, for twenty minutes, when he was discovered and rescued.

THE Reading *Eagle* says: Up-town society is at present discussing the facts concern ing two curious marriages that took place in that section last week. A young colored man married a white girl, and a young white man married a colored girl, all in the same family.

A FORCE of 250 men are still engaged in ballasting the Dunkirk, Warren & Pittsburgh Road. The road is to be first class in every respect. When the road is in perfect condition, old Commodore Vanderbilt will pay Titusville a flying visit in company with several prominent officials of the New York Central and Lake Shore.

THE most disastrous conflagration that ever took place at Liverpool, Perry county, Pa., occurred about two o'clock on Sunday morning, destroying a square of some of the finest residences in the town. The loss is estimated at $45,000. Insurance small. Supposed incendiarism.

A RURAL paper thus puts it: "These are magnificent nights, radiant with all the glories of moon and stars, and dedicated to the twin genii of love and music. On such nights as these, we can imagine that Diana wooed Endymion on Mount Olympus, and Romeo whispered sweet nothings in Juliet's ear upon the balcony."

ONE Louis Sheppard, the defaulting treasurer of Schuyler county, New York, was arrested at the National Hotel in Meadville on Wednesday. His defalcation is reported at $20,000. He had been in Meadville about two weeks, but had made no effort to conceal his indentity. When confronted by an officer with a requisition from Governor Hartranft he made no effort to escape, but quietly submitted to the inevitable, and departed with him for the scene of his late financial operations.

THE weary traveler over the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who has hitherto enjoyed his refreshments as he passes over the road, now finds local option has cut off nearly all his supplies. "Stop five minutes for refreshments," as the conductor exclaims, is all a delusion, except at the Lancaster, Harrisburg and Johnstown. "Nothing to drink" between Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, except at these three places. It's an awful dry road to travel over, and will nigh make temperance men of the members of the Legislature, if they can be kept away from the places indicated.

OVER the river, in Huntingdon county, lives Mrs. Isaac Worman, who is now in the 89th year of her age. For a woman of her years, she is a very remarkable person. She thinks nothing of making a full hand upon the farm, and considers it a pleasure to assist her husband in any sort of out-door work. A few days ago she was observed making fence and planting corn, which labor she is said to perform as well as "any other man." Mrs. W. has pleasantly lived with her husband in their present abode for a period of sixty years. Let our young lady readers learn the lesson of industry and usefulness from this paragraph.

THE Lutheran Synod of Pennsylvania is holding its one hundred and twenty-sixth annual convention at Patterson, Montgomery county. It is the oldest, wealthiest, and, we believe, the most influential Lutheran body in this country. There are eight Lutheran Synods in Pennsylvania, and the territory of this Synod, as also that of the East Pennsylvania Synod, lies east of the mountain and north of the Susquehanna river. Its roll numbers some 160 ministers, and it reports some 330 congregations and over 60,000 communicants. Its resources in this rich region of Pennsylvania are simply immense and it has, in addition to carrying on its regular education and missionary work, founded of late years and quite largely endowed, the Lutheran Theological Seminary of Philadelphia, Muhlenberg College at Allentown, and the Orphans' Home and Infirmary in Germantown. Its general connection is with the General Council of the Lutheran Church.

AN OCTOROON named Maggie Brown brought up in the Altoona lock-up, last Monday, and was the occasion for a column notice in the *Tribune*. Maggie is well known in Allegheny City, except when in a wild carousal, is represented as a steady-going domestic, having been employed at one time in the Mountain House, Cresson. The *Tribune*, in its biographical sketch, says: "The history of Maggie Brown so far as we know in this locality, is full of sadness, suffering and wretchedness. In the early part of last Autumn, when she was picked up on our streets by the night policemen, taken to the Mayor's office, and subsequently removed to the Exchange hotel, her story was to the effect that she was originally from Harper's Ferry, and was a daughter of old Ossawatamie Brown, whose soul is still marching on. A hotel keeper from Massillon, Ohio, who was on a visit to Harper's Ferry, induced her to accompany him to his home, subsequently ruined her, and then furnished her with money to leave the country. She came to this city, and, as is well known, was found on the porch of a residence in the First ward." Maggie was taken in charge by a young physician and with a female companion left for Cresson.

The Cholera in Memphis.

MEMPHIS, June 11.—There were twenty-four interments to-day, against eleven yesterday. There is but little excitement in regard to the cholera, and but few persons have left the city. It is generally believed the severe rain of last night would have a beneficial effect. A painter, named Ed. Jackson, committed suicide to-day with laudanum. It is said the fear of cholera was the cause.

Marine News.

LIVERPOOL, June 11.—The steamships Italy and California, from New York, and Nestoria, from Quebec, have arrived out.

NEW YORK, June 11.—The steamer Hansa, from Bremen, has arrived.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

FOREIGN.

Dissensions in the Carlist Camp—General Velarde's Column Reorganizing—The Conflict between the Clergy and Secret Societies in Brazil Continued—Concessions Granted to the Khedive of Egypt by the Sultan of Turkey—French Officers Resigning.

SOUTH AMERICA.

The Conflict Between the Clergy and Secret Societies in Brazil.

LONDON, June 11.—Advices from Rio Janero of the 23d ult. are received. The conflict between the clergy and secret societies continued to agitate Brazil. The ministry had taken strong ground on the subject, and were gaining support for their policy. In the Lower House the Premier made a speech defending the Free Masons, and promised that energetic measures would be taken to prevent the Bishops and Jesuits interfering with the society.

SPAIN.

The Recent Mutiny.

MADRID, June 11.—The mutiny in the command of General Velarde arose from superceding a Captain. The column has been reorganized, and is now commanded by General Cabrinety.

Dissensions in the Carlist Camp.

(Special to New York Herald.)

MADRID, June 11.—Dissensions have broken out in the Carlist camp. Dorregarray's removal from his command was not on account of his wound, but in consequence of an intrigue with the Marquis Valde Espinas.

TURKEY.

Concessions Granted to the Khedive of Egypt.

(Special to the N. Y. World.)

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 11.—The Sultan has issued a firman granting to the Khedive of Egypt an independent internal government and authorizing him to augment his army and conclude foreign treaties.

FRANCE.

Officials Resigning.

PARIS, June 11.—Several French officials have sent in their resignations in consequence of the circular issued by the Minister of the Interior on the 4th inst.

CRIMINALITIES.

Fatal Shooting Affray in Jersey City.

NEW YORK, June 11.—This morning Nathan Brittman shot and killed James McAdams, an employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company at Jersey City. Brittman had been discharged from the employ of the company by McCandless, yardmaster. Meeting the latter, he drew a pistol, and was about to fire, when McAdams interfered. A struggle ensued, during which the pistol was discharged and McAdams shot. Brittman was arrested.

Alleged Brutality in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 11.—Frank Resas, editor of the Italian paper, *Gazette of the Pacific*, was arrested to-day on a charge of committing rape on a child seven years of age, who visited his office. The prisoner denies his guilt. The child is in a terrible condition. It has lost the sight of one eye already, and may lose that of the other.

A Butcher Shot Dead in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., June 11.—James M. McDermott, a butcher, was shot dead in the Sixth street market, near Elm street, at half-past ten o'clock to-day, by W. C. Daniels, alias Mackey. McDermott was standing in his meat stall when he was shot. He claimed to have been insulted by Daniels on Sunday last, and was asking for an explanation when the affair happened. Daniels, who has a bad character, does not deny the shooting, but says it was done in self defense.

A Father Stabbed by a Drunken Son.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June 11.—Dr. Lewis E. Meyers, a dentist of this place, while drunk this evening, stabbed, it is supposed fatally, his father in the breast, near the heart, with a sharp instrument. Meyers is in custody.

RAILROADS.

Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 11.—The United States Circuit Court has made the following order in the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette Railroad case. Broadwell and others, as Trustees for the stockholders of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette Railroad Company, a corporation in bankruptcy, having brought up all the known claims against the Company except the claims of Charles Dwight and the White Water Valley Railroad Company, applied to the District Court of the United States at Indianapolis, by a petition, to have the proceedings in bankruptcy terminated. Charles Dwight having proved his claim before the Register before the petition was filed, and the bankrupt corporation still meaning to contest the same, the petitioners applied to the District Court, in United States bonds, a sum sufficient to cover this claim, if it should be ultimately established. Pending the petition, the White Water Valley Railroad Company offered proof to the bankruptcy court, to be held against the bankrupt, by reason of having paid, as endorsed, part of certain acceptances of the bankrupt held by the Globe Bank of Boston, and by reason of being liable for the residue, and also certain other claims growing out of contingent liabilities for the bankrupt. The District Court directed that the proceedings in bankruptcy should be superceded and terminated, without any provision for securing these claims of the White Water Valley Railroad Company, and to reverse this order of the District Court. Charles Dwight and the White Water Valley Railroad Company presented petitions for a review before the United States Circuit Court at Indianapolis, which to-day reversed the judgment of the District Court, but directed that the proceedings in bankruptcy should be terminated upon the company's continuing the deposit of United States bonds in favor of Chas. Dwight, and depositing with the clerk of the District Court fifty thousand dollars of the mortgage bonds of the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette R. R. Co. of the issue of 1869, to secure any demands of the White Water Valley Railroad Company, and upon its giving other satisfactory security in the sum of eight thousand dollars for the return of the sum paid by the White Water Valley Railroad Company to the Globe Bank, if the same should ultimately establish its claim against the Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette Railroad Company.

St. Joseph and Denver City.

NEW YORK, June 11.—An excited meeting of bondholders of the St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad was held to-day. James H. Fisher, of Buffalo, presided. C. W. Hassler said the meeting had been called in order that the bondholders might look after their rights. He described how the bonds had fallen to 31½, and said it appeared that instead of 1,500,000 acres of land being available, there are but 500,000 acres.

A committee of five was appointed to report to a future meeting.

In reply to anxious inquiries, Mr. Hassler gave his opinion that the transfer of the company's lands, except on mortgage, could be prevented, and that the bonds now used ought to be cancelled.

SHAMOKIN, PA.

Victims of the Explosion to be Buried To-day—Two Deaths Attributed to Fire-damp.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., June 11.—The body of Conrad Drumheiser has not yet been found, but men are working with a will to get to him. His time book was found this morning. Five of the victims will be buried to-morrow. The Coroner's jury adjourned till Saturday morning, not having arrived at definite conclusion, but the deaths are generally attributed to fire-damp. Drumheiser's body, when found, will tell the whole story.

CASUALTIES.

Railway Collision—A Large Number of Passengers Injured.

NEWARK, N. J., June 11.—The passenger train from New York and a freight train came in collision in East Newark this afternoon. Both engines were demolished and the baggage car telescoped into the smoking car. One engineer was fatally wounded, and a large number of passengers cut and bruised. The passengers were thrown violently through the windows. The air brakes prevented a more serious disaster. Had the accident occurred a minute sooner there would have been a terrible loss of life. The engineer of the freight train is to blame.

Lawlessness in Indiana.

EVANSVILLE, June 11.—The *Journal* has advices from Leavenworth, Crawford county, of a lawless act by a band of men, who forcibly took a man, named Yolding, from his house, a few days ago, since which nothing can be heard of him. Yolding was the plaintiff in a suit to compel Crawford county to complete her subscription to the stock of the Louisville, New Albany & St. Louis Railroad Company, which a number of the citizens claim was voted by fraud. Another gang of men had, not long since, destroyed the records of the election.

Convention of Master Car Builders.

BOSTON, June 11.—The seventh annual convention of the master car builders met here to-day. W. H. Dunham, of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, was appointed one of the Committee on Business.

THE INDIANS.

Captain Jack, of the Modocs, Interviewed—He tries to Implicate the Klamath Chief—Aid Promised by David Allen—Why the War was Commenced—The First Gun Fired by the Soldiers—Schonchin Acknowledges to Shooting Meacham.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., June 11.—Boyle's Camp, June 8.—Captain Jack spoke as follows to-day, when interviewed by Gen. Davis. He tries to implicate Allen Davis. The Klamath chief denies being present when Gen. Canby was killed: "I don't know how to open the subject about Allen Davis. I received a message last winter in the Lava Beds by old Schonchin, a sub chief, from Allen Davis, as follows: 'I don't want you to lower your gun and fight like a squaw, but you must fight like a man! At first I thought these message was lie, but came so often I believed. I was about to lay down my arms when I got a message from Allen David to Schonchin, tell me fight; that he thought whites were going to fight him, and he will soon let Jack know what he was going to do. Allen said hold on to your guns; am getting ammunition; will join you in a few days, am selling property to buy powder.' Allen said 'don't fight like women, be man; I will join you soon; have lots of people; want to get guns first. Whatever offers the Commissioners may make, don't believe what they say; they are trying to fool you.' I was going to give up and surrender when I got this message. I expected when I kill Commissioners Allen David would be with me next day, or very soon, and I had already given up my arms. I ate the food of the Government and did not want to do any fighting after eating their food. When I got this message it made me act as though I acted for Allen David, and I expected him to join me soon. Allen David caused me to leave the reservation. I had bad feelings toward Klamath. So many such messages came I believed them; thought he meant it, so I acted. He and I were more good friends, but he urged me to do this thing last winter. I was going wherever they wanted me, and wanted some quiet place, not one of the rocks. Allen David was always pushing me up. The Klamath chiefs talked the same. They talked as though Allen David was big chief. He said we must not think the Klamaths were women; were not going to lay down their arms. Whites and I had all the trouble, did all the fighting, and it looks as though they tried to get me into trouble. I want, and to know why I commenced this war. Last winter, on Lost river, Applegate and Brown came and said Big Chief was coming to talk, and we must go to a reservation. The soldiers came and surrounded us before day; held no council; I did not expect that I was asleep. I told them not to shoot when my boys got their guns. The soldiers fired the first gun. I did not think they wanted to talk. After the soldiers began to fire on my people some boys fired back. I did not. I took my things and ran as fast as possible away."

Old Schonchin, from the reservation, said he had nothing to say himself. He only brought the message from Allen David. As to General Canby's things, he had none. He said, "I can't say anything about it. I went away. The boys who killed Canby got the things. I was there, but went off as soon as I found I could not stop them."

Jack being questioned, said Bogus Charley and Shack Nasty Jim killed General Canby. Allen David ordered him to kill Canby. So he did it. Allen David told me not to kill him. I had it done, but did not do it." He added in conclusion, "I don't lie; bring them in that saw it, I want to face them. If I had my chains off I would tell all the men who did these things."

Schonchin says he did shoot at Meacham, but all the Modocs knew he was a poor shot. He could not hit anything.

Jack's answers are, of course, a tissue of lies, but many agree that old Schonchin, from the reservation, was a messenger, and took the message to him by Captain Jack. He charges Allen David, the Klamath chief, with urging them to make war and kill Canby.

The Kiowas and Comanches Disappointed —The Texas Boundary to be Patrolled.

ST. LOUIS, June 11.—The *Times* has a letter from Fort Sill, Indian Territory, dated the 5d instant, which says Mr. Bede, chief clerk of Superintendent Hogg, arrived there the previous Friday and held a council with the Kiowa and Comanche Indians with reference to the release of Santanta and Big Tree, but no Kiowas were present, and but few Comanches. These tribes are said to be much disappointed because Sant

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THURSDAY, JUNE 12, 1873.

BONDS at Frankfort 66.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 39¼.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 117¾.

THE governmental kaleidoscope in Spain has again been shifted, and Figueras retires, being unable to form a Cabinet.

THE authorities at Washington hasten to deny the statement that the cholera has made its appearance in the Capital. Washington is dull enough when Congress is away without having this additional burden to bear.

THE American Department at Vienna is to open June 15, and the display promises to exceed all anticipations, so that in the end American enterprise may atone for the "irregularities" of some of its unworthy Commissioners.

A FEW days ago a party of prominent New England coal dealers visited the Schuylkill coal regions, and learned, in a practical way, of the benefits of protection to home industries. From the tone of the visitors, upon the conclusion of their tour, it is pretty certain that they appreciate now, if they never did before, that policy which protects the industries of a country and makes a home market for all the country's products.

THE *New Era* is the title of a Saturday afternoon publication, just commenced in Philadelphia. The proprietor of the new sheet is Mr. John A. Gihon, late private secretary to Governor Geary. The "salutatory," a column of double leaded matter, lays out a fine field for the *Era*, which is to be "high toned, pure, dignified," and to "hold the scales of justice with an even balance and a steady hand." That's all; but isn't that enough for one journal?

ITALY, in its efforts to regulate the relations between Church and State, is having a lively time of it, but has thus far succeeded well. The extremists of neither side have gained their ends, but a middle policy has prevailed, which, under the circumstances, was the best that could be done, and is certainly a long way in advance of former years. Slowly, perhaps, but surely Italy is working its way up to the light.

STOKES has given place as a sensation to Walworth, and we are now entertained with descriptions of the coolness and the nonchalance of this "talented young man of high social position." If there was any justice in New York Courts, this youthful parricide would soon be occupying the only high position his merits deserve—the scaffold. It is about time we had done with this maudlin sentimentality,—a specimen of which has been furnished in Walworth's case—and murderers were taught that the old law, a "life for a life," was in force.

THE State Editorial Association's annual excursion is announced to take place in the latter part of the present month; and, unless otherwise ordered, the party will meet at Danville on Monday, the 23d, devote Tuesday to visiting the many objects of interest in that city; on Wednesday, go over to Mauch Chunk, make a trip over the famous "Switchback," and if possible reach Wilkesbarre the same evening. On Thursday, the 26th, they will hold their annual meeting at Wilkesbarre, and also visit the coal mines and other places of interest, and on Friday reach Scranton, where they will spend another day, and on Saturday visit the "Water Gap" or return to their respective homes.

THE news from the watering places come to us fresh as the breath of the meadows, and with delightful suggestions of cool breezes from the seas. Already the principal resorts have been pretty well filled up, and the tide of pleasure has set in, although as yet we have not heard much of those "grand" demonstrations which, according to popular supposition, concentrate all the glories of watering place life. Jenkins, however, has sharpened his pencil, and the assurance comes with singular similarity from all points, that "the season will be unusually brilliant," which is doubtless true, as it has been remarked every year heretofore within the memory of the oldest pursuer of summer sea-side pleasure.

A SEMI-OFFICIAL journal in Germany tells us that the meeting of the three Emperors at Berlin, a few months ago, resulted in an "understanding" for the adoption of a defensive, and if needs be, an offensive policy to maintain their mutual interests. The independence of the European States is to be respected, and their right to manage their own affairs not to be interfered with, except when this management trenches upon the rights of neighboring powers. All treaties now in force are to be maintained, and, as viewed from the Imperial standpoint, the friendly relations between France and Germany, together with the independence of the Ottoman Empire, are looked upon as highly encouraging for the maintenance of general equilibrium. It is further declared that the Emperors, while recognizing a temporary Republic in France, yet look forward to a monarchical regime, with the middle classes holding the balance of power. This is the substance of the reported "understanding;" if it is all, the Imperial Conference was hardly necessary.

THE Philadelphia *Ledger* says "the audacious attempt to trade off the exalted office of Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania for the corruption office of State Treasurer is not passing without vigorous protest. It has been repudiated indignantly by the people of half a dozen counties at least. Vigorous articles against the perpetuation of a State Treasury Ring by this or by any other means are appearing in the out-spoken journals of the interior of the State. There can be no doubt that they represent the true public sentiment elect the delegates? This is where 'the lion's skin falls short,' and has to give way to 'the sneaking fox's.' Dexterity in wire-pulling and the possession of the 'Return Judges' rule this matter now-a-days, in spite of votes. Yet still an undivided front and a resolute purpose, expressed by a popular uprising, can do and has done wonders, even when the voters seemed most helpless, and the Rings appeared to be all powerful. This Pennsylvania Ring is not more potent now than Tammany was one short month before its overthrow."

THE Methodist Episcopal Press has commenced a summer's discussion upon the tardiness of the Bishops in "locating." It seems the General Conference held in May 1872, when the new Bishops were elected, adopted a plan for locating each Bishop, so that all sections of the country might be satisfied, but thus far these high officials have generally not accepted the situation, and there is consequent uneasiness and a tendency to censure, manifested in certain circles. The discussion is likely to lead to some interesting revelations in reference to the prerogatives of the Bishops. Thus far, though the discussion has been quite animated, it has been conducted with becoming dignity, and courtesy. The *Advocate* of this city brought up its heavy guns last week, and in a two column editorial, endeavored to demonstrate that a year's time was not sufficient to enable the Bishops to move. The bright *Northwestern*, however, on the other hand, contends that if the Bishops were thoroughly infused with the go-aheadativeness of Methodism, they would have been settled long since in accordance with the wishes of the people. It's a pretty controversy anyhow, and in a dearth of less exciting themes, furnishes pleasant Methodistic summer reading.

THE KHEDIVE'S ENTERPRISE

We yesterday referred to the commercial features of a new railroad enterprise projected by the Khedive of Egypt. Its political features are, if possible, more important than its commercial phases. It is well known that the Egyptian Viceroy has been impatient of the restraint he is under, as a subject of the Sultan of Turkey. He is not only compelled to pay tribute, to an extent that seriously impairs his treasury yearly, but he is more or less hampered in his plans and purposes. The Suez Canal project was retarded by the jealous interference of the Sultan. The iron clads that were purchased, and which were intended to form the nucleus of a navy, were extorted from him by his Turkish master. His plans of army re-organization have been interfered with a number of times from Constantinople; and at one time it was seriously contemplated to compel him to discharge his European officers. Against this perpetual interference he, no doubt, chafes impatiently.

The first advantage, of a political nature, that will attend the opening up of the Soudan, will be the development of a training ground for soldiers, where his operations will be free from unpleasant scrutiny. The Soudan, while under the control of the Khedive, and governed by subordinates, is so difficult of access that he derives but little benefit, in any sense, from that portion of his dominions. But once opened up, and it could be brought under his direct governmental control. Add to this, that the population is large enough to afford a hundred thousand soldiers, who could be trained to the manual of arms, and on occasion brought down to the delta in fifteen days, and we can see the immense political importance of the projected railroad. Should he, in time, make a declaration of freedom from the control of Turkey, it will not be the first time this bold step has been taken. The founder of his house did this, and was not only successful in bringing Syria under his control by driving out the Turks, but even began to turn his attention toward the dethronement of the Sultan himself, when the interference of the Great Powers stopped him. It is not so clear that they would now interfere; and in a few years from this an army may emerge from the Soudan, strong enough to sustain the Khedive in proclaiming his independence.

Now preliminary to this, the opening up of the Soudan will give the Khedive active control over a population nearly as large as that of any great State in Europe, and his skill in developing the agricultural resources of the country will serve to elevate that population in intelligence and wealth. He will have the government of nearly 30,000,000 people. France, Austria and Prussia have each less than 40,000,000 of population. Hence, beyond the second cataract alone is a splendid empire, worthy the ambition of any man. Should he be driven, by adverse fate, from the delta of the Nile, there will still be a grand kingdom at his command, and within which he could defend himself against any force Turkey can send. Suakin and Massopah, on the Red Sea, would furnish ports of entry to the new kingdom.

But the Viceroy and his interests aside, and the opening up of the country referred to, will do much to civilize and control Africa. In the region lying eastward, between Shendy and the Red Sea, is the most rabid Mussulman element—the Wahabees, and the city of Mecca. Gondokora, farther up the Nile, but within easy striking distance, is the centre of the African slave trade. A strong government established at Shendy or Khartoum would readily control the wild Arab element, from which the worst slave traders come, and would extend its power over the tribes of Equatorial Africa. It would be no more difficult to do this than it now is to control the people as far as the second cataract. The Arabs, the Abyssinians, and even the Nubians, might readily be trained into reliable soldiery. With them, and with a railroad penetrating the interior, the conquest and unification of Africa might readily be accomplished.

It is to be admitted that the Khedive is not as advanced, in his ideas of liberality in government, as might be desired, but he holds the reins of power with a firm hand. Hence, in reducing the wild and barbarous tribes of the interior to subjection, he may be relied on for effective service. However much we may approve kindness and liberality in government, it still is true that order and obedience are the first things to be learned. It seems like a dream to think of civilized government being exercised over the wild Arabs of the wilderness bordering the Red Sea; and of the African tribes being compelled to peace and industry; yet the proposed railroad of the Khedive means ultimately just this. It passes over the route pursued by Baker in his search for the sources of the Nile; and that followed by Grant and Speke on their return. There three worthies met at Gondokora, on the Nile, above Khartoum. And should this railroad enterprise prove commercially and politically successful, it will certainly be extended. The trade in ivory, and the illimitable resources of Interior Africa, would warrant its extention to Gondokora.

Within a few years such marvellous results have followed railway expansion, that we now look upon the most unlikely schemes with little surprise. But this latest project is not at all unlikely. It has more elements of success than that proposed by Lesseps, across Central Asia to India. That will pass through a sterile region, with no agricultural resources whatever. This, with the exception of a portion of desert, will pass through one of the most fertile valleys of the world. If we take what the railroad has already done, and what it may be expected to do, we are justified in looking on it as the great civilizer of the age. Already it brings to sight the prospect of universal civilization. This achieved, and those who dream of a coming millenium, with its attendant triumphs, will think the day for the realization of their hopes drawn near.

"TITE BUTES."

A Judicial Decision Against Tight Shoes.

The several millions of tortured and corn-afflicted people in this country should read this paragraph and forever after bear the name of Humphreys in grateful recollection. Humphreys is a Judge at the city of Washington, in the District of Columbia. Before him came as party plaintiff a shoemaker, and asked judgment against a man for whom he had made a pair of shoes. Came also the defendant and made answer that the said shoes did not fit. As to the issue which was joined on the averment of the defendant, the shoes were the best witnesses, and they were brought into court and placed upon the feet of the defendant. That they would go on is a fact that would seem to have militated somewhat against the theory of the defense; but the defendant swore that, being on, the shoes made existence insufferable. Then it was that Humphreys uttered the great principle that should make his name immortal. He said, in substance, that tight shoes were a torture that no freemen should be required to endure, and that when a shoemaker fails to consult the comfort of his patron, the latter is under no obligations to pay for the work. Judgment for the defendant. And yet the President hesitates as to who should be made Chief Justice!

THE suspicion that Captain Hall, of the ill-fated "Polaris" expedition, fell a victim to foul play on the part of his fellow colleagues, is one of the matters that it will be well to hold in abeyance until the Secretary of the Navy completes his examination of the rescued survivors and reports the testimony. The chief witness as to the suspected poisoning understands English very imperfectly, and sailors as a class give their impressions free play, unrestrained by the rules of evidence, and unsufficened by logical reasoning.

SENATOR MITCHELL DEFENDED.

The Charges That He Deserted His Wife and Changed His Name Pronounced False—The Card of Mr. Mitchell.

(From the New York Herald.)

In response to the charges made in the newspapers that the Senator from Oregon, Hon. J. H. Mitchell, years ago deserted a wife in Pennsylvania and changed his name from Hipple to Mitchell, has called out the following card from the aggrieved gentleman:

"In regard to charges against me in newspapers of recent dates I desire to say that full explanations in relation thereto will appear in a few days, supported by statements from prominent gentlemen in the State of Pennsylvania who have known me from my childhood. I propose to explain to the people of Oregon everything in relation to this matter, and shall substantiate the facts of my whole history prior to my leaving my native State (Pennsylvania) by the testimony of prominent men and unimpeachable witnesses, and upon such testimony, rather than my own statement, I shall submit to the impartial judgment of the people of this State any question as to my standing and integrity put in issue by the articles referred to.

"My only object in suffering any delay is to enable me to obtain dispatches from Pennsylvania, several of which have been voluntarily sent me already, in response to the articles appearing against me.

"Within three or four days at furthest I shall be able to respond. Until such time I will be glad to submit to any one the dispatches already received. Respectfully,

"J. H. MITCHELL."

PORTLAND, May 27, 1873.

Dr. A. M. Loryea, of Portland, a personal friend of the Senator, who has been in Washington on business with Attorney General Williams, noticing the publicity given to the charge, hurried to this city yesterday and furnishes the following letter. In conversation with one of the attaches of this journal he stated that he believed the stories were started by persons politically in antagonism to the Senator, and he has no doubt but his answer to them will be a complete vindication of his character. The following is the letter:

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:

NEW YORK, June 9, 1873.—In your issue of this morning, is published a story of what purports to be "A Chapter from the Early History of Oregon's New Senator." Having known Mr. Mitchell intimately for the last thirteen years as a man of honor and integrity, I have no doubt whatever but the statements are in the main false, and are only brought forward in order to injure his fame as a young and rising Senator from the distant State of the Pacific Northwest, Oregon.

Mr. Mitchell is well known in Oregon, and did not receive the honorable gift of an election to the United States Senate by accident. He was a candidate six years ago, and was defeated by fraud in not receiving the caucus nomination. His opponent, Addiken C. Gibbs, obtained the nomination over him by only one vote, but in consequence of the fraud A. C. Gibbs was not elected, and H. W. Corbett was, as a compromise candidate. Two years ago Mitchell withdrew from the political field for Senatorship in order to assist in re-electing the present distinguished Attorney General, General H. Williams; but the State having gone Democratic, James K. Kelly was elected United States Senator. Last fall Mr. Mitchell was elected Senator—he being the choice of four-fifths of the Republicans of Oregon—only ten Republicans, friends of Mr. Corbett, endeavored to coalesce with the Democrats to defeat Mr. Mitchell.

It is, no doubt, the few "sore heads" in Oregon who are vainly endeavoring to injure Mr. Mitchell in this section of country, because he is a man, by originating and giving publicity to rumors and stories derogatory of his past conduct. So, I trust, as Mr. Mitchell is absent, being in Oregon, that the public will suspend judgment until he or his friends can be heard from, to give a full refutation to his foul slanderers that his enemies are endeavoring falsely to attach to him.

A. M. LORYEA, of Portland, Oregon.

BEER.

Some Interesting Statistics.

At the Brewers' Congress, at Cleveland, June 5, Mr. Louis Schade made a speech, in which he gave the following interesting statistics:

The number of breweries in the United States for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, taking the special brewers' tax as basis, was 3,041, against 2,900 for the preceding year, or 1,725 which manufacture under, and 1,306 which manufacture over 500 barrels annually. The amount of lager beer made during the year was no less than 8,609,969 barrels, against 7,159,749 barrels for the year before. The special brewers' tax amounted to $142,394.96, or $8,258 498 46 as total collection on fermented liquors. For the nine fiscal years from 1863 to 1872, inclusive, the American brewers paid a barrel tax which increased in a continuously ascending ratio from $1,558 083 41 in 1863 to $8,969,996 72 in 1872. The special tax did not augment in like ratio—a fact not to any lack of steady increase in the brewing business, but, probably to the variations in the percentages of export. In 1863 the special tax was $77,359 41. In 1864 it was a trifle $4,000 less. In 1865 it was about $8,000 more than in 1863. In 1868 it reached its highest figure—$270,205.22. In 1869 it dropped to $232,478.56, from which figure it steadily increased to $248,528.74 last year. The total of barrel and special taxes for the nine years named was $52,954,809.01. The increase of the manufacture of fermented liquors during the same period was 567 per cent. The amount of the beer tax in 1872 was divided among the following States:

	Per cent.		Per cent.
New York	31.96	Missouri	4.57
Pennsylvania	12.61	Wisconsin	3.79
Ohio	9.04	California	2.46
Massachusetts	7.62	Maryland	2.15
New Jersey	6.34	Michigan	2.11
Illinois	6.22	Indiana	2.05

The receipts from fermented liquors for the first nine months of the fiscal year ending June 30, 1872, were $5,622,909.46. For the same period of the current fiscal year they were $6,463,019.18—an increase of $840,091.78. Everything indicates that this proportion of increase will have been maintained for the rest of the year. Commissioner Douglass, in his last report to Congress, says that the act of June 6th, 1872, though a partial concession to the brewers, has not been found to injure the public interests. But the brewers' taxes are not too low. In the North German Confederation the consumption of beer in 1869 was 21.25 quarts per head, and the beer tax 8.02 cents per head. In our country last year the consumption of beer was 20.47 quarts and the tax 21 cents per head. In 1869 the North Germans consumed 4,782,261 barrels of beer as against about 5,866,400 barrels consumed here. These figures show the larger dimensions and greater tax paying power of the American brewing trade. The North German spirituous liquors tax in 1869 was only 23.09 cents gold per head, while with us in 1872 it was $1.26 per head. Last year we imported 62,610 barrels of malt liquors, mostly in bottles, and paid on them a total duty $586,671.79. Two-thirds of the whole internal tax of last year—namely, $91,470,185.54—were paid into the Treasury by spirits, malt liquors and tobacco.

Obituary.

PRINCE ADALBERT OF PRUSSIA.

Prince Heinrich Wilhelm Adalbert of Hohenzorn, cousin of the Emperor of Germany, died in Berlin on Friday last. He was born in that city October 29, 1811. The son of Prince Frederic William Charles and the Princes Amalia, of Hesse-Homberg, he lost his mother in 1846 and his father in 1851. At very early age he entered the Prussian artillery. Having a strong love for travel he visited Holland, Great Britain, and part of Russia and Turkey and Greece between 1828 and 1837. Afterwards he visited other foreign countries, Brazil among them, and on his return home published a book of his travels. In 1848 he was charged with the organization of the German Royal Navy, of which he was made Grand Admiral. In 1856 he was wounded during an engagement with the pirates of Riff, in the Mediterranean. He had always held the rank of Grand Admiral since 1848, and superintended the construction of the first German gunboats in 1861. He was also a commander in several of the regiments divisions of the army. In 1851 Prince Adalbert was morganatically married to Mlle. Theresa Elssler, and two children were born to them. This lady was ennobled by the late king of Prussia. The deceased Prince leaves no heir, his only child—who took his mother's title name and became Baron Adalbert de Barnum—having died in 1860 at the age of nineteen years.

Mexico and Col. MacKenzie's Raid

Colonel MacKenzie's ride into Mexico after the thieving and raiding Kickapoos is called by the *Vox Publica* newspaper, in Matamoras, "an aggression on a nation too weak to resist." This would certainly be a very dishonorable motive; but we imagine that the truth will be found in the opposite direction. The simple fact that Mexico is weak" has held the hand of the American Government and of the plundered people of Texas in far too many instances. Had Mexico been stronger, the pending controversies between that Government and ours, and the unsettled claims of hundreds of our wronged and plundered citizens, would have been brought to a sharp issue long ago. The true way to state the case is this: Mexico is too weak to enforce her own laws, and to restrain the lawless characters who take shelter within her boundaries, so as to have safe rendezvous for aggressions on her neighbors; and this being the case—to the serious damage of the people of Texas and to the embarrassment of the United States troops in the vicinity—the point when patience and forbearance ceased to be virtues at last came along, and then Colonel MacKenzie, either with or without the previous consent of his superiors, went over the border and inflict the punishment on thieves and murderers which the Mexican Government is too "weak" or too negligent to inflict, as it should have done.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

Ratazzi's Wife.

Ratazzi received powerful political and social aid through a lady of great personal attractions and brilliant genius, whom he married in 1863, she having in 1862 separated from her first husband, Mr. Fiesleher Solms, after three years of married life. She was the granddaughter of Prince Lucien Bonaparte, and her mother, the Princess Lætitia, had married Sir Thomas Wyse, the British Minister to Greece. Napoleon III., when Prince President, had recognized this lady as a member of the Bonaparte family, and granted her a pension. Subsequently she wrote a bitter pamphlet attacking the Count Cavour, as well as prominent members of the French Cabinet. For this offense her pension was taken away, and she was banished from France. The violent opposition manifested by Ratazzi against Napoleon III. is attributed to the influence exercised over him by his wife. Madame Ratazzi is no less celebrated for her conversational powers than for her literary wit and vivacity; not long ago an indiscreet young French diplomat, who had been admitted to her intimacy, gave to the world one of her letters, in which she described the faults as well as the excellence of her character with the most engaging and sprightly frankness.

WHILE the MacMahon Government is busily engaged in restoring order by turning out the Liberal officeholders and filling their places with Monarchists, the city of Lyons answers the challenge of the reaction by electing 35 Radicals out of 36 nominees. It is possible that the gentlemen of the Right may some day discover that their work was not done when they turned out M. Theirs.

POLITICAL NOTES.

THE latest rumor about the Chief Justiceship mentions the Hon. Morrison R. Waite, President of the Ohio Constitutional Convention, as a person very likely to receive the appointment.

ALBERT PIKE has been chosen by the Democrats of Mercer county as Representative Delegate to the next State Convention, and instructed to vote for Judge Trankey as a candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court.

THE Republicans of Snyder County, on Saturday last, nominated B. F. Waggoner for Senator, and George Alfred Schoch for Representative. The nominations are subject to the action of the district conferences.

HENRY A WISE, once the most untameable fire-eater of them all, is now a mild Conservative, if not an actual political philanthropist. T. e ex-Governor has separated from the Democratic party in Virginia and joined the ranks of the Republican organization. In a letter he has just published he accuses his late associates of a design to declare a war of races—of white men against black—and announces his intention of giving a cordial support to President Grant under certain conditions.

THE clerks and doorkeeper of the House of Representatives purchased the chair of the presiding officer at the recent sale of furniture, and have presented it to the Hon. Schuyler Colfax, with a letter saying: "We have thought it would be agreeable to you to possess this memento of Congressional service, and are most happy to have the opportunity of presenting it to you as a slight token of our appreciation of the kindness and courtesy which ever marked your official intercourse with us, and to assure you of our very high personal regard."

THE seceders from the National Labor Council in Washington have organized in force under the style of the Mechanics' and Laboring Men's Council of Washington. The session was occasioned by the attempt, as is charged, of the President of the National Labor Council, ex-Senator Pool, to install as members his own appointees, elected by no constituency, and to run the Council as a political machine. The new Council admits none but actual working men, and is especially severe upon those who are seeking to manufacture political capital out of the labor movement.

CONGRESSMAN W. S. HOLMAN, of Indiana, has set himself right, in a published letter, on the back-pay swindle. He voted against the bill throughout, and now he says: "I did not receive, in any shape or form, one cent of the back pay, and never proposed doing so. I instructed the Sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives to have the money covered into the Treasury, and I was informed by General Spinner, United States Treasurer, by letter, that he had received the money from the Sergeant-at-Arms, and covered the same into the Treasury. General Spinner states in his letter that the amount was $4,466, being the $5,000, less $456, the mileage for the last Congress."

PERSONAL.

SENATOR FRANK BLAIR is slowly recovering from his severe stroke of paralysis.

GEORGE WILLIAM CURTIS will not be able to perform literary work for some months.

THE ex-King of Hanover left Vienna to avoid meeting the Crown Prince of Germany.

JOHN STUART MILL left a full autobiography with instructions for its immediate publication.

GENERAL JOHN C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky, will deliver a Masonic oration, in Memphis, on the 24th.

MR. J. R. HAWLEY, of the Hartford *Courant*, has been re-elected President of the New England Associated Press.

GENERAL HECTOR TYNDALL, one of the committee in charge of the recent bequest of Professor Tyndall, is a cousin of that distinguished savan.

LEO HUDSON'S real name was Julia Leo Hogden. She was born at Leesburg, Va., on the 22d of March, 1843, and went on the stage in her 12th year. She is said to have been related to General Robert E. Lee.

THE latest London scandal relates to the Marchioness of Waterford, who has just died in Ireland. It will be remembered that when she was the Hon. Mrs. Vivian she eloped with and afterwards married the Marquis, some years since.

OLD SIR JOHN STEPNEY, a Welsh M. P., who fought at Waterloo, and is so deaf that you have to scream at him, sits wakeful every night in the House of Commons, and seldom leaves until the door keeper shouts "Who goes home?" and puts out the lights.

BISHOP KIP, of California, has held his office for twenty years, and the diocese owes him $24,000 arrears of salary! At the last Convention the indebtedness was acknowledged, but nothing was done about discharging it. We had no idea that anybody or anything, man or corporation, was so poor in California.

REV. T. NOBLE is the boast of some Manchester (England) Christians as "the smartest preacher in the world." The Manchester *Guardian* reporter took some time to find the devout dwarf in the pulpit before he spoke, and afterwards discovered that Mr. Noble has more fervor than grammar and more unction than argument."

EDMUND YATES describes Leon Gambetta as he appears in the French Assembly: Gambetta is a fat, gross man of middle height, with reddish brown complexion, and decidedly red nose, with a queer *lowche*, or cock eye, which gives him a half jovial, half sinister expression. He wears a curly-brimmed, grease-stained hat, a tortoise-shell double eye-glass hanging loose round his neck, shining coat and full trousers, into the pockets of which his hands are thrust up to the wrists.

MLLE. MARAQUITA ROMAGNIOLA, at present in a Parisian prison, is the persistent persecuter of a retired Parisian banker, who has sought in vain for every way of escape from her harrassing attentions. Maraquita has always found the banker's retreat, and, besides sending him letters on paper ornamented with coffin, death's head, or some other cheerful device, has several times attacked him in the streets. Her several arrests for this conduct have only given her victim temporary relief, a season of which he is now enjoying. She used to be an actress, but she now spends her time and money in her strange pursuit of the banker.

CONCERNING MACMAHON, who has so suddenly been called to the head of affairs in France, a late writer says: "It is not going too far to say that he is the most popular man in the country. He lives a retired, unostentatious life, and though he displayed extraordinary pomp when sent a few years ago on an embassy to Prussia, his manners are unpretending, and his dress plain. He seldom appears in uniform, and the only mark of distinction he wears is the red ribbon. His marked characteristics are a love of children and a fondness for study. He made his triumphal entry into Milan with a little girl, who had offered him a nosegay, perched upon his holsters. He is probably as well versed in history as Faldherb, and is often busy with a child and a map upon his knees. His favorite amusement is riding. In society he is shy, almost sad, and seems ill at ease. He likes to saunter about the boulevard, with his hands in his pockets and a cigar eternally in his mouth when he is not on horseback, and he is seen to most advantage at home surrounded by his family."

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

EDWARD W. FLINT, of Salem, Massachusetts, committed suicide, at Dubuque, on Tuesday.

A SPECIAL from Rome says that many of the monks belonging to the monasteries, which are to be suppressed, will go to Bolivia and Chili.

A KANSAS CITY mother-in-law lately established a precedent by thrashing her daughter's bridegroom immediately after the marriage ceremony.

A NEVADA paper reports that the servant girls of Helena have struck for $66 a month, two silk dresses, and the privilege of the parlor every Sunday.

LAST year New York had one convicted criminal out of every 300 of her inhabitants, Illinois had one out of every 1,666, and Delaware one out of every 862.

THE St. Paul and Sioux City Railway has recently had some tree-planting parties at work, and they have set out 15,000 trees on the line of the road, mostly cotton-wood and box elder.

A SCHOOLMASTER of Bennington, Vt., was lately worsted in single combat by one of his pupils for presuming to interfere with the latter's courtship of a female schoolmate during school hours.

THIS is a terrible slander: Since the straitgent temperance law in Massachusetts, barbers use more bay rum than ever. It filters through the scalp. If the average Massachusetts head wasn't so thick, all would be lovely.

A YOUNG lassie of Muscogee county, Ga., has a dead sure thing on plenty of Christmas pocket money. She has eighty young turkeys which follow her around the yard, and which her father says "make the handsomest kind of truth a young person of her sex ever twirled.

THE second deposit of four hundred dollars a side in the coming prize fight between Thomas Allen and Mike McCoole was made in St. Louis on Tuesday. McCoole has gone into light training. Allen will probably train in or near Cincinnati.

A SCOTCH of gold weighing seven ounces has been found on the land of an honest farmer at Hillsdale, Mich., who had been encouraged to prospect by the assurances of the State Geologist that all searches for gold in Michigan must prove suggestory in their results.

THE Houston *Telegraph* says that Texas gives Gen. McKenzie honor for his raid into Mexico to protect her frontier settlers, and that should Mexico make it a cause of war, the twenty-seventy thousand young Texans who will gladly volunteer to defend our flag, and carry it again victorious into the halls of the Montezumas.

THE Chicago *Inter-Ocean*, describing the children's day at the Jubilee, speaks of the "whispers of 15,000 children's mouths and the patter-pat-pat shuffle of 15,000 children's feet." It is not added that at the band played "Go it, ye cripples." The comment is prompted that the writer whenever he opens his mouth puts only one of his feet in it.

THE latest libel suit is that of General Daniel Pratt, "the great American traveler and sublimist" perpetual candidate for the Presidency of the United States," against the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, for publishing in the *Christian Union* an article from the *Yale Courant*, which was itself a partial forgery, accompanied by comments "abusively styling Mr. Pratt the rival of George Francis Train." The damages are set at $100,000, though it is intimated that one night's use of Plymouth Church for the delivery of a lecture, with a dollar admission fee, may be accepted as a compromise.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1863.
ASSETS January 1, 1873 - $778,251 59
OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., compounded from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c. furnished at the office.
Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.
A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. S. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, C. Fellenstein, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robert C. Schmert, Christopher Zeg.
JOHN H. SAGER, Solicitor.

Littell & Mechling,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD RYE WHISKY,
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
237 Liberty
AND
244 Penn Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Hazard Powder Company's
SPORTING AND MINING POWDER.
I am now prepared to supply this very superior Powder to Sportsmen, Furnacemen, Contractors and dealers by KEG or CAR LOAD,
AT LOW PRICES.
Safety Fuse constantly on hand.
ARTHUR KIRK,
No. 19 Seventh street, (late Irwin street,) PITTSBURGH.

HEADQUARTERS FOR
Baker's Chocolate Broma,
Millard Fine Sweet Chocolate,
Crosse & Blackwell Pickles, Sauces, &c.
Fine Candy a Specialty.
K. BLAIR'S,
62 FIFTH AVENUE.

JOS. SPENCER. JAS. M'KAY. ROBT. LIDDELL
Phœnix Steam Brewery,
SPENCER, McKAY & CO.,
MALSTERS AND BREWERS,
ALE, PORTER AND BROWN STOUT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
ROBT. WATSON, Manager.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS
JUST RECEIVED BY
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
128 SECOND AVENUE.
1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
500 " Springfield Oak Sole;
100 Doz. French Calf and Kip of the most approved Brand,
With a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemaker's stock wholesale and retail.

PITTSBURGH TAR
CHEMICAL WORKS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Pitch, Iron and Asphalt Varnish, Carbolate Powder, the Universal Disinfectant—Carbolic Acid, Crude Acid Purified Benzoles, and other Products of Coal Tar.
Office—No. 62 FIFTH AVENUE, UP STAIRS.
WORKS—Adjoining the Gas Works, Allegheny.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
WM. M. FABER,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.
JAS. LITTELL. WM. H. MECHLING.

OLD ESTABLISHED HOUSE.
Littell & Mechling,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD RYE WHISKY,
Foreign and Domestic
WINES AND LIQUORS,
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WORKS—Adjoining the Gas Works, Allegheny.

THE MODOC BUSINESS.

(From the New York Tribune.)

Truthful James to the Editor.

YERKA, 1873.

Which it is not my style
To produce needless pain
By statements that rile,
Or that go 'gin the grain,
But here's Captain Jack still a livin', and Nye has no skelp on his brain.

On that Cancasian head
There is no crown of hair,
It is gone, it has fled,
And Echo sez "where?"
And I asks, "Is this Nation a White Man's, and is generally things on the square?"

She was known in the camp
As "Nye's other squaw,"
And folks of that stamp
Hez no rights in the law,
But it is treacherous, sinful and slimy, as Nye might hev' well known before.

But she said that she knew
Where the Injins was hid,
And the statement was true,
For it seemed that she did;
Since she led William where he was covered by Seventeen Modocs, and—slid!

Then they reached for his hair;
But Nye sez, "By the Law
Of Nations, forbear!
I surrenders—no more;
And I looks to be treated, you hear me?—as a pris'ner, a pris'ner of war!"

But Captain Jack rose
And he sez, "It's too thin.
Such statements as those
It's too late to begin.
There's a *Modoc indictment* agin you, O Paleface, and you're goin' in!

You stole Schonchin's squaw
In the year sixty-two
It was in Sixty-Four
That Long Jack you went through,
And you burned Nasty's Jim's rancheria and his wives and his pappooses too.

"This gun in my hand
Was sold me by you
'Gainst the law of the land,
And I grieves it is true!"
And he buried his face in his blanket and wept as he hid it from view.

"But you're tried and condemned
And steeping's your doom."
And he passed and he hemmed—
But why this resume?
He was skelped 'gainst the custom of Nations, and cut off like a rose in its bloom.

So I asks without guile,

FINANCIAL.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.
FOR SALE,
CITY OF PITTSBURGH
7 PER CENT.
Water Loan and Penn Avenue
BONDS,
AT PAR AND INTEREST, FREE FROM TAXATION.

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,
Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.
Capital, - - $400,000
Accounts of Banks, Merchants and individuals solicited.
Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.
A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.

FOR SALE,
City of Pittsburgh
7 PER CENT.
Water Loan and Penn Avenue
BONDS,
At Par and Accrued Interest, Free from Taxation.
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.,
BANKERS.
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Shoe and Leather
BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
CAPITAL. - - - $200,000
GEO. H. ANDERSON, D. L. DAVIDSON, W. R. BROWN, H. P. HANKIN, G. HOLLANSBEE, C. C. MARKLE, T. S. CHILDS, J. S. SOGLAND, M. KENNEDY.
GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on same. Depositors Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.
GEO. B. HILL.....C. HANSON LOVE.....JAS. N. HILL
Geo. B. Hill & Co.,
Bankers and Brokers,
58 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Buy and sell on commission all kinds of
STOCKS, BONDS, MORTGAGES,
Government Securities,
NEGOTIABLE PAPER, &C.
Collections made on all accessible points. Interest allowed on time deposits.
Passage Tickets by the National Line, comprising some of the largest steamships afloat from or to
London, Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow.
DRAFTS payable on demand in any part of England, Wales, Ireland and Scotland, at lowest rates.

FOR SALE,
City of Pittsburgh
SEVEN PER CENT.
Water Loan Bonds.
At Par and Interest,
Free from Taxation
ALSO NO. 1
Municipal and School Bonds,
Bearing Ten (10) per cent. Interest, Payable semi-annually.
We have examined these Bonds carefully, and can recommend them as safe and paying investment.
Permanent investors are advised to purchase these Bonds both as a protection against loss, theft and fire, and for your convenience in collecting the interest.
Those who wish to reinvest Coupons and Dividends, and those who wish to increase their income by means already invested in other less profitable securities, will do well to examine the merits of the above Bonds.
DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 11, 1873.

The money market remains easy and quiet. The supply is abundant for all purposes, the banks being prompt to discount legitimate business paper, of which, however, there is but little offering. While we still quote the rates of discount at 6@10 ₱ cent. ₱ annum, the bulk of business is transacted at the inside figure for first-class paper. Local securities are firm, and demand full prices. Real estate is changing hands in a lively manner, especially on the line of the various railroads, at about last year's prices.

George B. Hill & Co., Bankers, No. 58 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of Bonds and Stocks from the latest advices by telegraph.

	Tuesday.	Wednesday.
Gold	117¾	117¾
U. S. Sixes—1881—coupons.	122¾	122¾
5-20—1862	117¾	117
5-20—1864	117¾	117
" 1865	119	119¼
" 1865 new.	120¾	120¾
" 1867.	121¾	121¾
" 1868—coupons.	120¾	120¾
10-40s.	112¾	112¾
10-40s—coupons.	114¼	114¼
Currency 6's, ex coupons	114¾	114¾
New 5 per cents	115¾	115
RAILWAYS.		
New York Central.	100¾	100¾
Erie.	63¾	63¾
R. H. & R.	22	23
C. C. & I. C.	87¼	87¼
St. Paul.	50¾	50¾
Do. preferred	71¾	71¾
Michigan Southern.	95	95¾
Do. Central	95¾	95¾
Illinois Central	99¾	99¾
North Western. Common	84	84
Rock Island	108¼	108¼
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	97¾	97¾
Pacific Mail	40¾	40¾
Western Union Telegraph.	82¾	82¾
Ohio & Mississippi.	37¾	37¾
Union Pacific	97	97¾
Toledo & Wabash	65¾	65¾
Adams Express.	93	93¾
Fort Wayne	93¾	94
American Express	65	64¾
U. S. Express	71	71
Harlem.	129¾	129
I. C.	114	112
Panama		111
Chicago & Alton	109	109
Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	81	80¾
Quicksilver		40¾

Messrs. Robinson Bros., bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of nett-ve stock on the Philadelphia Stock Board today:

Penna. Central	55¾	54¾
Reading	58¾	58¾
United Cos. of N. J.	121	122
Oil Creek	31	31
Lehigh Valley	61¾	61¾
Philadelphia & Erie	25	25
Pennsylvania	56	54¾
Pittsburgh 5s	74¾	74¾
Allegheny Valley 7-30	91¾	95
Central Transportation	48	48

The Philadelphia market is working smoothly for first-class borrowers. Money is quoted at 5@6 ₱ cent. on call, and 7@8 ₱ cent. on time and discounts.

The Chicago banks report money in good demand by all classes of borrowers—grain men in particular; the market comfortable and easy at the usual rate of 10 ₱ cent. ₱ annum for the right kind of grain and mercantile paper, and everything in short line in smooth running order. Call loans are working easier, and quoted at 7@8 ₱ cent., when the collaterals are in the shape of gold, government and bank stocks. Street rates vary from 10@12 ₱ cent. ₱ annum, according to the quality of the paper presented.

There is absolutely nothing new to report concerning the condition of the Boston money market, the plethora of loanable funds being the only prominent feature, and rates remaining unchanged on mercantile paper.

In the Baltimore stock market, Baltimore continues strong, 115@115½, and 50 shares of Northern Central were taken at 38. Parkersburg Branch was wanted at 11½, and 20 was bid for Clay Passenger Railway. In railroad bonds, 2,000 Pittsburgh and Connellsville changed hands at 85¾, at advance of ¾. Baltimore and Ohio 6's, '95, was bid, and 97 for 1885.

The Cincinnati banks are discounting freely for depositors at 6@10 ₱ cent. In the open market there is a good supply of private capital seeking investment at 9@10 ₱ cent. In the outside brokers' market the rate varies from 10 to 15 ₱ cent.

NEW YORK, June 11, 1873.

Money was easy at 4@5 per cent. Sterling was firmer at 108¾@109 for sixty days, closing at 109, and 110@ 109 for sight. Gold was lower, declining from 117¾ to 117¾, closing at 117¾, with increased activity. Loans were 4@5 per cent carry over, and flat for borrowing. Clearings 96,000,000. Treasury disbursements $200,000, against in redemption of 5-20's $1,000,000; bonds were steady. Railroad bonds were firm. Stock market has been more active, the sales of leading shares, but otherwise quiet and feature-less. Towards mid-day prices were freely pressed for sale by the bears, which were freely met by purchases to cover contracts, and before the rest of the attack, falling from 82¾ to 82¾, the final market closing firm at a recovery to 83¾, the outside price the point. Gorman bonds sold Erie at 63¾ per day for the use of the stock. The chief sales and prices were: Pacific Mail, 40¾@40¾; 5,000 shares were sold out of 10,000 Lake Shore, 91½@92; 90¾@90¾; Michigan Southern, 95¾; Northern Central, 95¾; Illinois Central, 99¾; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 97¾@98; New York Central, 100¾@100¾; Hudson River, 104¾@104¾; Reading, 98¾@98¾; Rock Island, 108¼; Northwest, 84¾; Fort Wayne, 93¾; Western Union Telegraph, 82¾@82¾; Quicksilver, 39¾; Mariposa, 20¾; Western Union Telegraph, 82¾@82¾; Quicksilver, 39¾; Adams Express, 93¾; American Express, 65; Wells, Fargo & Co's Express, 81; American Merchants' Union Express, 49¾; New York Central scrip, 100¾; 6's, do registered, 107¾; 7-30's, do registered, 107¾; Michigan Central, 95; Pitts. Fort Wayne & Chicago, 93¾; Rock Island, 108¼; St. Paul, 50¾; do preferred, 72; Ohio & Mississippi, 37¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 97¾; Illinois Central, 99¾; Harlem, 129; Chicago & Alton, 109; Pittsburgh & Fort Wayne, 94; Terre Haute, 18; do preferred, 35; Ohio & Mississippi certificates, 37¾; Canton Company, 48; Maryland Coal, 8; Cumberland Coal, 25; do preferred, 45; Ohio & Mississippi 5's; Cleveland & Pittsburgh 7's; Chicago & Rock Island 6's; Chicago & Northwestern sinking fund, 87¾; do preferred, 92¾; Pacific Mail, 40¾; Union Pacific, 1st, 97¾; Land Grants, 80¾; Sinking Funds, 65¾; Oregon & Transcontinental, 28¾; Central Pacific, 85¾; Union, 87; Delaware & Hudson Canal, 100¾; Canton Company, 48¾; Marylands, 8; Cumberlands, 25; Mariposa, 20¾; Mariposa preferred, 40; Bankers' bills, 8¾ & 9; Commercial, 9¼@9½; Sterling, 9½@9¾; Gold, 117¾@117¾.

LONDON, June 11—P. M.—United States five-twenties of '62, 88.

PARIS, June 11.—Rentes 90f 90c.

COMMERCIAL.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, June 11, 1873.

APPLES—continue quiet and unchanged, ranging from $3 to $4 per brl, for good to choice.

BEANS—Choice navies quoted at $3 per bushel to the trade, and $3.25 in a jobbing way.

BUTTER—There is perhaps a little more inquiry, but no change whatever in prices; sales of prime to choice at 16@18.

BEESWAX—Quoted at 30@40c ₱ lb.

CHEESE—The only change light receipts and stocks very much reduced, the market is firm and prices have still further advanced; we were reported sales to-day, both in car and jobbing lots, at 20, and some holders were disposed to hold at 21.

EGGS—With continued light receipts and stocks very much reduced, the market is firm and prices have still further advanced; we were reported sales to-day, both in car and jobbing lots, at 20, and some holders were disposed to hold at 21.

FLOUR—Receipts and shipments light and weak with indications of a lower range of prices in the leading markets, including New York and Philadelphia, reported to-day and drooping. We continue to quote at $7.00@8 for superfine, $8@8.50 for low grades, and $8.50@9 for red winter wheat.

GRAIN—The market for all kinds of Grain continues exceedingly dull, with offerings considerably in excess of immediate wants, and prices are weak and drooping. The wheat continues dull and nominal at $1.60@1.70 for fair to prime red, and $1.65@1.80 for white; the offerings are not large, but there seems to be no demand for it. The supply of Shelled Corn is almost exhausted, but there is little or no call for it, hence, prices are nominally unchanged, ranging from 50@52 on track, and 57@58 free in elevator. Car Corn is quotable at 50@52 in bulk. Rye very dull, and in the absence of sales we continue to quote at 85@85. Oats in good supply and dull—may be quoted at 45@47 for mixed and white. Nothing doing in Barley, none on the market and none wanted. Chas. Cumberland middle 22.

GROCERIES—Coffee continues quiet but firm. Jobbers are buying very sparingly at the prices, while importers are obstinate and refuse to make any concessions. A Rio telegram of to-day's later advices has been received, the most unfavorable feature of which is the large decrease in the average daily receipts, occasioned, as stated, by the interruption of railroad communication with the interior in consequence of a land slide. Refined Sugars are again reported higher, but they have displayed so much recently, that a slight advance or decline does not perceptibly influence on our market.

COFFEE—Rio, fair to good to Prime, 20¾@23¾c. fair 21@23¾c. Old Government Java, 30@32c. New Roasted Rio in packages, 23@25c. Roasted Java, 30@32c.

SUGARS—Patent Cut Loaf, 13¾c; Crushed, Granulated and Powdered, 13¾; Standard A, 10¾; H, 10¾; C, 10¾c; Extra C, 10; Yellow, 10¾; Circle C, 10¾. Lower grades, 9@10.

SYRUPS—White Drips, 65; other grades ranging from 60 to 64; Sugar-House Syrups, 70.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 9; prime, 8¾; Patna, 8¾; Rangoon, 7¾@8.

MOLASSES—Solice New Orleans, 73; Fair to Prime, 70@72.

SALT—The market continues dull, but prices are nominally unchanged, ranging from $2.50 to $3 on track.

POTATOES—Peach Blows are quoted at 75@80 cts. per bushel by the carload, and 90@$1 for small lots from store. New crop quoted at $1.50 per bbl.

POULTRY—Live chickens, quotable at 75@85c per pair according to size.

PROVISIONS—Sugar-cured Hams per lb. 14½c, canvassed do. 15c; Sugar-cured Shoulders, 9½c; canvassed do, 10c; plain do, 8½c; Bacon Sides, 9½c; Clear Rib or Sides, 9c; Clear Sides, 10¼c; Clear Breakfast Bacon, 11c; canvassed, do, 11c; Sugar-Cured Dried Beef, 12c; canvassed, do, 12½c; Extra Mess Pork per bbl; Beef for loggers, $7.50 per dozen; Prime Beef, $6.50@7 per bbl; Lard, in tres, 10c; refined in tres, 10¼c; Prime Leaf, in tres, 10½c; refined in tres, 11c; Lard in 3 lb. caddies, 12¼c; do in 5 lb. 12½c; do in 10 lb. pails, 13¼c; do. in 5 lb. pails, 13½c; do. in 6 lb. pails, 13¾c.

RAGS—Quoted at 3¾@3½c.

SEEDS—Flax Seed is scarce and sell readily on arrival at $2.10.

WHISKY—Highwines quotable at 90@93c per gallon.

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY, WEDNESDAY, June 11, 1873.

Trade thus far has been quite active, unusually so, and the indications are that it will continue brisk during the balance of the week; the best evidence in regard to increased activity, lies in the fact that the sales up until noon to-day footed up 1,458 head against 990 during the corresponding time last week, and further, that when business was adjourned for dinner, there was not a single head of what could be denominated good marketable stock on sale. With an increased demand and diminished offerings, cattle have been selling steadily on arrival, and at an advance of from 10 to 20c per cwt., and even at the advance the supply was not sufficient to meet the wants of buyers, who are here in larger numbers than usual, and sellers finding that they have the market well under control, although it is reported that larger droves are on the way yet en route, and if so the receipts within the next 24 hours will be larger, possibly than expected, of course at the passing of time; as the heaviest receipts recently have been in the early part of the week. So far as we could learn, trades were not made at fairly steady rates the same cattle last week would not have brought over 6c, showing an advance, as we have already stated at 10c. Heavy fat cattle are ranging from 5@5¼c on track, and 5@5¼c free in elevator. Car Corn is quotable at 50c in bulk. Rye very dull, and in the absence of sales we continue to quote at 85@85. Oats in good supply and dull—may be quoted at 45@47 for mixed and white. Nothing doing in Barley, none on the market and none wanted. Chas. Cumberland middle 22.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—Petroleum dull; Refined 20½.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—Cotton firm at 18½c. Flour dull at $7.50@8.50. Wheat quiet at $1.50. Corn dull and lower at 48@49c. Oats steady at 36@ 36c. Barley nominal. Groceries steady, coffee firm. Provisions dull and lower; mess pork, $16.50; lard, quiet; steam 9½c; kettle 9¾c. Bulk meats: good to clear rib sides 7½c; clear sides 8c. Bacon: shoulders 7½c; clear sides 9½c. Whisky steady at 90c.

CHICAGO, June 11.—Wheat quiet; No. 1 spring $1.30 1.31; No. 2 $1.20¼ spot; $1.20 June. Corn steady—38c bid spot; 38¼ bid June; 37¾ bid August. Oats sold; No 2 spot or June 29¼@29½; July 29¾@30; August 30¼@30½. Barley dull and nominal. Pork quiet at $15.85@15.87½. Lard dull and lower at $8.90@8.92½. Meats quiet and unchanged. Bacon flat; sales of shoulders, 13 lbs average, at 7½c. Whisky steady at 90c.

MILWAUKEE, June 11.—Flour dull at $5.90@6.75. Wheat in demand but scarce; No 1 spring $1.34; No 2 do $1.29¾. Oats steady, with a moderate demand; No 2 mixed 30c; white do 31c; No 1 barley dull and nominal; No 2 70c.

TOLEDO, June 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull and lower; No 2 white No 2 white $1.40; extra white $1.45; amber $1.40; No 2 red $1.36; No 1 do $1.40; amber spot and June $1.35½. Corn dull and 1c lower; high mixed 42c; July 43c; damaged 41c. Oats dull and declining; No 2 at 29½@30c. Rejected 28@ 28½c.

PHILADELPHIA, June 11.—Flour weak; superfine $4.50@5.00; extra $5.50@6.00. Wheat unsettled; red $1.62@1.70; amber $1.75@1.80. Oats firm at 45@48c. Crude petroleum 19½c; refined, June 12½c. Whisky be d at 90c.

NEW ORLEANS, June 11.—Cotton quiet; sales 3,500 bales; good ordinary 16½c; low middling 17½@17¾c; middling 18½c; receipts 1,000 bales; stock 66,379 bales; exports coastwise 1,500 bales; stock 66,379 bales.

NASHVILLE, June 11.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull at $1.50@ 1.60, for amber and white. Corn dull at 45@47c. Oats dull and unchanged. Whisky firm at 92@92½c. Provisions dull and unchanged.

MEMPHIS, June 11.—Cotton firm at 15¾@17¾c. Flour dull at $4.25@8.00. Corn in demand and market firm at 45@47½c. Oats dull at 30@35c. Bran dull at 85@87½c. Corn meal firm at $2.65. Bacon dull at 7, 8, 9c. Sugar 9½@10c. Molasses 60@65c. Whisky firm at 90c.

BALTIMORE, June 11.—Flour dull; superfine $4 65@5.00. Wheat dull; red winter western $1.60@1.75, for choice do. Corn firmer; 47@48c for white. Oats steady at 33@35c. Provisions dull and unchanged.

LOUISVILLE, June 11.—Flour quiet and dull, but unchanged. Wheat dull and low; No 2 red $1.40@1.45. Corn, barley and provisions quiet and unchanged. Whisky steady, with a small demand at 90c.

OSWEGO, June 11.—Wheat quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1.54. Corn quiet at 54@55c. Oats steady at 46c.

DETROIT, June 11.—Wheat dull and lower; extra white $1.45; No 1 do $1.42; amber $1.40; No 2 do $1.36; No 1 red $1.40; No 2 do $1.36; No 3 do $1.30; No 2 white $1.40; No 3 do $1.30; No 1 white $1.42; No 2 do

HOME NEWS.

Persons leaving the city during the Summer can have the GAZETTE mailed to their address by ordering the same at our office, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street. Terms, 75 cents per month.

Letters Held for Postage.

Mrs. Mame Colwell, Kittaning, Pa., 3c; Mrs. Thos. D. Crow, Urbana, Ohio, 3c; James Joseph, Canal, Dover, Ohio, 3c; Jno. Ramsay, Jersey City, N. J., 3c; Miss Florence Rivers, Parkersburg, W. Va., 2c; Jno. Taylor, Trenton, N. J., 3c; J. C. Woods, Pittsburgh, Pa., 2c.

Fall from a Balcony.

At noon yesterday a little five year old child of Mr. John Filender, residing at the head of Federal street, Allegheny, while playing on the railing of the balcony of the house fell down to the sidewalk, a distance of nine ten feet, rendering it insensible. Drs. B. B. Smith and Cole were summoned, who dressed its wounds. The child will recover.

European Steamship Arrivals Yesterday.

A dispatch received at Max Schamberg's European Steamship and Telegraph office, at No. 165 Smithfield street, announces the arrival of the Hamburg Line steamer Thuringia at New York; Cunard Line steamer Algeria at New York; Anchor Line steamer Victoria at New York; Anchor Line steamer California at Moville; National Line steamer Italy at Liverpool.

Death from Heart Disease.

Coroner West yesterday held an inquest on Lawrence Huw, who had died suddenly the day previous, in Marshall township. The deceased was out in a field herding his cattle, and was chasing a young heifer, when he fell dead. He had been suffering for some time past with heart disease. A verdict in accordance was rendered. He was a native of Germany, a farmer, and aged 73 years.

The Johnstown Poisoning Case.

The *Tribune* says: "There have been no new developments touching the alleged poisoning case on Portage street, Conemaugh Borough. The woman, Early, asseverates that she did not administer morphia to him; that he was living at one o'clock on Sunday morning, but that when she went to see him at five o'clock he was dead. Her statements are a little contradictory in some respects, but nothing will likely be done with her until a chemical analysis is made of her deceased husband's stomach, when, if traces of poison are found, she will be placed under arrest."

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—By far the largest audience that have ever attended a variety entertainment in this city, are this week flocking to Tony Pastor's really meritorious combination. The troupe he has brought together are the best entirely in their line in the profession. He has not one star, but all stars, and of great magnitude. His troupe, too, gives a performance that may be witnessed by the most fastidious and exacting. As a light and novel entertainment, it is the best ever given in Pittsburgh, and really merits the immense success that is accorded to it. They only remain this week.

A Fitful Infant.

A correspondent from Rochester, of a statistical turn of mind, sends us word that he saw, a few days ago, an infant that was "sound and hearty," and yet had successfully wrestled through sixteen hundred convulsions during "twelve days and nights." The mother of this infantile prodigy of vitality is Mrs. Margaret Fisher, of Hammondsville, Jefferson county, Ohio, and she states that the special remedy for the child's suffering was "snake-root tea," the recuscitating powers of which helped it through. The child was, says our correspondent, "laid out for dead," but it revived and is worth a hundred. Dr. Hall's Journal vouches for the somewhat remarkable but is vouched for by a gentleman thoroughly reliable.

Misrepresentation Corrected.

The *Leader*, chiefly remarkable for its characteristic inaccuracy, manifested this peculiarity last evening by the publication of what purported to be a transcript of figures from the County Controller's books showing the amounts of the newspaper bills for printing the License List. If the correct returns had been given they would have read:

Commercial	$1,311 00
Gazette	1,374 00
Freiheits Freund	1,429 00
Dispatch	1,485 00

The truth, however, was not what the *Leader* aimed at, for by giving the facts, its twaddling insinuations against the GAZETTE would have been robbed of even the feeblest semblance of force.

Losing Money Through the Mails.

We have made reference heretofore to losses through the mails, and the following letter, received from a subscriber, is pertinent:

DAWSON, PA., June 10, 1873.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In looking over the GAZETTE I noticed your reference to the loss of letters. On the 2d inst. I sent you a two dollar bill and two fifteen cent pieces for two WEEKLY GAZETTES. The rest of the club came since, but these papers are not in the package. I seems impossible for us up here to get money to Pittsburgh any more through the mails. I have lost five or six lots in this way. The money I sent you I took to the post office to the postmaster count it, and read the names. I then put the money in a buff envelope before the postmaster's eyes, sealed it, and drew a mark across the right upper corner. I wish you would state the case to Postmaster Stewart, and have him investigate. Yours,

JOSEPH HUGH

This is a case which Col. Stewart might profitably look into.

FALL OF A BUILDING.

A Portion of Galway's Malt House Gives Way this Morning.

This morning shortly after midnight the rear portion of D. R. Galway's malt house, No. 204 Penn avenue, fell with an immense crash.

The portion carried away is on an alley running from Baker alley, and had a frontage of about thirty feet and a depth the same length. A portion of the building, corner of Baker alley, was left standing, but in a dangerous condition. The crash was caused by the large amount of malt stored on the second floor, causing the timber to give way. The damage will probably amount to $5,000.

SUPERINTENDENT'S CONFERENCE.

State Superintendent Wickersham and a Number of County Superintendents in Session Yesterday.

At the Union Depot Hotel arrived yesterday morning, Mr. J. P. Wickersham, State Superintendent of Education. Mr. H. H. Houck, Deputy and Mr. R. Curry, Assistant Deputy. These gentlemen came here to hold a private consultation with the County Superintendents of Western Pennsylvania in regard to educational subjects and to compare notes. In the afternoon the consultation was called in the Ordinary of the Hotel. The following counties were represented:

Allegheny—A. T. Douthett.
Armstrong—A. D. Glenn.
Beaver—J. L. McKnight.
Butler—R. H. Young.
Cambria—Thos. J. Chapman.
Fayette—J. W. Gibbon.
Greene—T. J. Teal.
Indiana—Samuel Wolf.
Lawrence—Thos. Aiken.
Somerset—D. W. Will.
Westmoreland—H. J. Jones.
Washington—Wm. G. Fee.

The Superintendant and his deputies were present and several addresses were made. The nature of their deliberations was kept a secret, as the meeting was one of an entirely private nature.

FIRE COMMISSION.

A Regular Monthly Meeting—Report of the Chief Engineer—Engines for the South Side—New Hats for the Firemen—Street Obstructions.

A regular monthly meeting of the Fire Commission was held last night in City Hall. After the reading and correction of the minutes the report of Chief Engineer White was received, and on motion, the recommendations it contained were taken up and disposed of *seriatim*. It showed that during the month of May there were twenty one fires and alarms, with a loss of $64,300. A recommendation to appoint two additional men to the pay book and three more company was laid on the table, because the Commission had no authority to adopt it. A recommendation that heaters be attached to all the engines in the department, so that they can go into service immediately upon their arrival at fires, was referred to the Building Committee.

The report of the Superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph, showing the wires to be in good working order was received and filed.

The chairman read a communication from the operators in the Fire Alarm Telegraph office, asking the Commission to endorse a petition to Councils for an increase in their salary. It also called attention to the fact that an ordinance providing for an increase in their wages, which passed one branch of council was defeated in another. On motion the communication was received and filed.

The report of Dr. Jennings, veterinary surgeon of the department, was read and adopted and the bill presented by him ordered to be paid when properly probated.

MR. MCELROY, from the committee appointed to locate engine houses on the South Side, reported to the effect that the committee proposed to locate one engine house between Ninth and Eleventh streets, not farther back than Sarah or Bingham streets, and another between Twenty sixth and Twenty-seventh streets. The present building of the Wilson hose company, which is situated near Nineteenth street, will be used as a house for a hook and ladder company.

The committee appointed to procure suitable hats for the members of the fire department to wear while in active duty, presented a hat which was adopted, and on motion of Mr. Stewart the men were required to buy and wear them while at fires, and if any of them leave the department they will be paid for their hats on turning them in. The hats are very nice looking pretty heavy, regulation style, and will cost $66 per dozen.

On motion, a committee, consisting of Messrs. Stewart, Chambers and Walton, was appointed to wait on the Mayor and request him to rigidly enforce the ordinance against allowing the streets and alleys of the city to be blockaded with vehicles of any kind, thus offering obstructions to firemen in arriving promptly at conflagrations, and in case the Mayor does not give the nuisance his attention, to bring the matter before Councils.

After attending to some other business of no great importance the Commission adjourned.

All Eyes Turned Upon Next Tuesday.

The day of the great sale of the Allegheny Poor Farm, at Millvale borough. Free train leaves West Penn Depot at 9:25 A. M morning of sale. Free dinner.

A. J. PENTECOST,
Auctioneer.

DIOCESAN CONVENTION.

Eighth Annual Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Pittsburgh—Meeting Yesterday in Trinity Church—The Clergy and Laity—Committees Appointed—Address of Bishop Kerfoot—Important Business Transacted.

Yesterday morning the eighth annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Pittsburgh commenced in Trinity Church. Last year it was held in St. Paul's Church at Erie, Pa. The opening exercises were both impressive and interesting. The attendance of clergymen and lay delegates was quite large. Right Rev. Bishop Kerfoot conducted the services. Rev. R. S. Smith, Rector of St. Peter's Church, Uniontown, Pa., delivered an able sermon upon the responsibility of the church ministry. His text was the first verse of the fourth chapter of First Corinthians, "Let a man so account of us as of the ministers of Christ and stewards of the mysteries of God." Communion service was held at the close of the sermon.

When the devotional exercises were over, Rev. Scarborough nominated Rev. R. J. Coster for Secretary, and Rev. Robert C. Caswell was appointed Assistant Secretary.

Bishop Kerfoot introduced Right Rev. Mr. Talbot, Bishop of Indiana, to the Convention, and on motion of Mr. Burgwin, a welcome was extended to him, and an invitation to a seat at the right hand of the presiding officer.

The following regular committees were appointed by the Bishop:

Committee on Claims of Clergymen to Seats—Revs. White, Vincent and Bellam.

Committee on Claims of Lay Deputies to Seats—Messrs. Church, Houston and Kelso.

Committee on Admission of Parishes—Rev. Henry S. Getz, Mr. Josiah King and Mr. George Burton.

Committee on State of the Church—Revs. Finch, Rafter, Bylesby and Messrs. Harris, Hill and Hart.

Committee on Canons—Rev. John Scarborough, E. S. Golden, Esq., and Mr. Hill Burgwin.

Committee on Unfinished Business—Rev. J. K. Mendenhall, Mr. G. D. Hart and Mr. J. B. McKennan.

On motion of Rev. Getz, the clergymen in attendance from other dioceses were admitted to seats.

The Bishop called Rev. J. F Spalding to the chair. On motion of Mr. Burgwin, a committee consisting of Revs. Scarborough, Pace, McConnell and Messrs. Burgwin and Church was appointed to draft resolutions expressive of gratitude for the recovery of the Bishop.

On motion of Mr. John B. Sheenberger, Rev. J. F. Spaulding was elected President.

Mr. George R. White, on behalf of the Warden and Managers of the Allegheny county Work House, extended an invitation to the members of the Convention to visit that institution. On motion, the invitation was received and acceptance of it postponed until the afternoon session. The Convention then adjourned until three o'clock in the afternoon.

Below we give a list of the Clergymen and Lay Deputies in attendance:

CLERGYMEN.

Rt. Rev. J. B. Kerfoot, D. D., L. L. D	Rev. Henry Purdon, Rev. R. S. Smith,
Rt. Rev. Bishop Talbot, of Indiana	Rev. J. F. Spaulding, Rev. M. A. Toman,
Rev. W. D. Adderly,	Rev. W. White, D. D.,
Rev. R. N. Avery,	Rev. R. J. Coster,
Rev. Thos. Crumpton,	Rev. G. C. Rafter,
Rev. Wm. Hilton,	Rev. H. H. Loring,
Rev. D. C. James,	Rev. Jos. Wilson,
Rev. B. Killikelly, D. D.,	Rev. A. C. McCandless,
Rev. Henry Mackay,	Rev. A. A. Kerfoot,
Rev. D. C. Page, D. D.	Rev. J. Scarborough, D. D.
Rev. C. C. Parker,	Rev. T. S. Bellam,
Rev. B. S. Seymour,	Rev. S. B. Moore,
Rev. W. Preston, D. D.,	Rev. J. T. Protheroe,
Rev. B. F. Brooke, D. D.	Rev. P. V. Finch,
Rev. John A. Doorls,	Rev. Geo. W. Easter,
Rev. J. K. Mendenhall,	Rev. J. F. Norman, M. D.
Rev. S. S. Cheverts,	Rev. Geo. W. Dunbar,
Rev. George Hall,	Rev. T. A. Stevenson,
Rev. R. C. Caswall,	Rev. Wm. R. Mackay,
Rev. Wm. Ballard,	Rev. C. N. Spalding
Rev. O. S. Taylor,	Rev. Thomas White,
Rev. Edmund Roberts,	Rev. D. W. C. Howard,
Rev. Percival Beckett,	Rev. S. D. Day,
Rev. D-Witt C. Bylles-by	Rev. H. W. Spalding,
Rev. W. G. W. Lewis,	Rev. Joseph Barbers,
Rev. Boyd Vincent,	Rev. Joel Clark,
Rev. S. D. McConnell,	Rev. W. J. Miller.
Rev. H. S. Getz,	

LAY DEPUTIES

Trinity Church, Pittsburgh—J. H. Shoenberger, Josiah King and Hon. Wilson McCandless.

St. Paul's Church, Pittsburgh—Geo. Parry, Wm. Kaens and H. Harris.

Christ Church, Alegheny—W. H. Barnes, P. H. Miller and James Bredin.

St. Andrew's Church, Pittsburgh—F. A. Brunot, M. W. Woodward and George H. Thurston.

St. James' Church, Pittsburgh—Wm. Kyle and George McCandless.

Grace Church, Pittsburgh—Wm. Halpin, Edward Bratt, Sr., and John S. McMillin.

St. Mark's Church, Pittsburgh—Jno. Hughes, John Wier and John H. Aiken.

Calvary Church, Pittsburgh—George R. White, T. M. Howard and Jos. B. Hill.

St. John's Church, Pittsburgh—Wm. Vaney, John Chislett and A. L. Pearson.

St. Peter's Church, Pittsburgh—Hill Burgwin, E. P. Jones and Chas. Colton.

St. Stephen's Church, Sewickley—D. T. McClure, W. G. Dabbs and Hiram Kimball.

Emmanuel Church, Allegheny—Jas. C. Doane, Philip Wilson and Malcolm Hay.

Good Shepherd—J. W. Paul, George Barker and K. L. France.

St. Paul's Church, Kittanning—E. S. Golden, John W. Rohrer and F. G. Schotte.

Christ's Church, New Brighton—Benj. Wilde, G. L. Eberhardt and John B. Hays.

Christ's Church, Meadville—J. E. McFarland, Pearson Church and Clifton Magey.

St. Paul's Church, Erie—B. B. Vincent, Henry Souther and Wm. C. Kelso.

St. John's Church, Erie—William Nicholson, George Burton and Adam Acheson.

Cross and Crown, Erie—Eugene Metz, and Robert Hetherington.

Christ Church, Brownsville—N. B. Bowman, John Johnson and W. R Bowman.

Trinity Church, New Haven—George A. Torrence, M. C. Grant and E. V. Goodchild.

St. Peter's Church, Baltsville—Wm. Scott, Henry Woodward and Robert Neilson.

Church Intercessor, Sugar Hill—John Brian and Joseph Barber.

St. John's Church, Franklin—Thomas Algeo, James M. Bredin and D. D. Grant.

Christ Church, Oil City—Joseph W. Weller A. J. Greenfield and W. J. Saunders.

Trinity Church, Warren—J. K. Palmer, T. H. Rockwell and John M. Wood.

Christ Church, Tidioute—David W. Clarke and James H. Pitt.

St. John's Church, West Brownsville—J. B. Wilkinson, Jr., L. M. Bulger and P. M. Sibbett.

St. Michael's Church, Wayne township—Joseph Stockdale, Alex. Stewart and Michael Campbell.

St. Peter's Church, Butler—John M. Purviance, Jacob Zeigler and Louis Z Mitchell.

St. Peter's Church, Uniontown—Alfred Howell, John D. Roddy and Alonzo P. Bawle, M. D.

Trinity Church, Washington—G. S Hart, W. B. McKennan and May Grayson.

Christ's Church, Greensburg—Jos. H. Kuhns, A. L. Waugaman and J. W. Barrett.

All Saints' Church, Pittsburgh—W. P. Marshall.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The afternoon session of the Convention commenced shortly after three o'clock. The Secretary called the names of clergymen not present at the morning session.

Mr. Josiah King offered a resolution providing for the appointment of a Committee of Six to take action in reference to proper religious observances at the Centennial celebration.

After some discussion the resolution was adopted, and the chair appointed as the Committee Revs. Getz, White and Smith and Messrs. King, Golden and Shoenberger.

The invitation of Mr. George R. White to visit the workhouse came up, and after some humorous discussion was accepted, and a delegation from the Convention will leave this forenoon at eleven o'clock from the West Penn Depot in Allegheny city.

On motion the Committee appointed in relation to the printing of the manual was continued.

A resolution offered by Rev. Mr. Getz was adopted, referring to the Finance Committee that portion of the Bishop's address relating to the payment of the expenses of Examining Chaplains.

Mr. Church, from the Committee on Claims of Lay Deputies to Seats in the Convention, presented a report recommending that delegates from thirty organized churches be admitted, their credentials being all right, and reporting adversely to the claims of the delegates for seats from Trinity Church, New Castle, and Trinity Church, Rochester. The report was read and filed.

The following resolution was offered by Mr. Burgwin.

Resolved, That the following be adopted as an alternate form for section sixth of the form of charter recommended by the committee:

SIXTH.—The Vestry of the Church shall consist of ——laymen, communicants of the church, and citizens of the State of Pennsylvania, within the limits of the Diocese of Pittsburgh. They shall continue in office for one year and until others be chosen, and the election of said vestrymen shall be made every year on Easter Monday by the adult communicants of the church whose names appear as such on the Parish Register. Provided, that in case of failure to elect a Vestry on that day the corporation shall not on that account be dissolved, but the election may be held on some other day in such manner as the By Laws may prescribe, and any vacancy in the Vestry shall be filled by the remaining members.

In presenting the resolution Mr. Burgwin stated that he did not desire that it should be discussed then, as the hour was getting late and he moved that it be made the special order for Thursday at eleven o'clock.

Mr. Golden moved that it be indefinitely postponed.

Mr. Taylor moved to refer the resolution to a special committee to report in writing at next Convention.

Mr. Burgwin said he wanted the question to be discussed at this Convention, and made a long speech in defence of his resolution and the change it would produce, supporting it by reading letters from Judge Sterrett, Judge Woodward and Hon. Murray Hoffman, of New York.

The debate which continued for some time and which was quite warm was participated in by a number of the members.

Judge Souther moved that the debate be continued until the next day.

Mr. Golden withdrew his motion to indefinitely postpone, and agreed that the question be referred to a committee of six, three clergymen and three of the laity, to report at the next Convention. The question was put and carried by a vote of 37 to 18.

Rev. R. S. Smith nominated the same officers of the Convention that served last year for officers this year.

One or two other nominations were made when the Convention adjourned until to day.

ALLEGHENY PRESBYTERY.

Regular Meeting—Ministers Installed—An Allegheny Pulpit Filled—Resignations and Ordinations.

The Allegheny Presbytery of the United Presbyterian Church held a meeting at Evansburg, Butler county, Tuesday afternoon, when several matters of public interest were disposed of.

The first item was the ordination and installation of the Rev. J. S. Brandon as pastor of the Evansburg Church. The services were under the supervision of the venerable Dr. Guthrie, who has been pastor in charge of the congregation for the past forty-four years. They were impressive and full of interest to a very large congregation assembled.

The call of the Third Presbyterian church of Allegheny City to the Rev. J. W. Bain was presented and formally accepted. Presbytery left the matter of arranging for the installation to the Committee on Supplies, the Revs. J. W. Witherspoon and W. H. McMillen.

The call of the congregation at Fleming Station to the Rev. Mr. Ewing was presented, approved, and the next regular meeting of the Presbytery fixed as the time for the installation. The reverend gentleman, in the meantime, will occupy the pulpit of this church.

The resignation of the pastorate of the Fourth U. P. Church, Allegheny, by the Rev. Wm. Fulton was received, the reason given being the serious illness of the pastor. The Presbytery referred the matter to the Church for formal action. Rev. Mr. Fulton's health, which has been gradually failing for many months, is now so precarious that he is with difficulty only able to move about his room. General sympathy was expressed for him, and his illness occasioned sadness among his co-workers, who expressed the greatest regret at losing such an earnest toiler.

The Presbytery transacted other business of a routine character, and then adjourned to meet at Fleming in three months.

TO-DAY'S RACES.

Grand Trotting Match Arranged for the Opening of Friendship Driving Park To-day.

To-day the Friendship Driving Park will be thrown open to the public. This park has been beautifully and elegantly fitted up for the purpose intended, that is, as a grand racing rendezvous. It is something that is really needed in this vicinity, and the proprietors, with their accustomed liberality, have spared neither time or expense to make it a place of resort worthy the support of our best citizens. The track will be inaugurated with a grand trotting match, which has been arranged for the occasion. There are sufficient entries made to warrant an entirely successful meeting.

The purse is $800 for horses that have never beaten 2:40. The arrangement is $500 for the first, $200 for the second, and $100 for the third. the following trotters have been entered: Hot Punch, King William, Addie Perry and Toledo Boy.

As some fast time will be made, and as this is really the first race of the season, we advise all that take any interest in the sport to visit Friendship Park to-day.

TERRIBLE POWDER EXPLOSION.

Four Children Killed by the Explosion of a Can of Blasting Powder.

On Tuesday morning in Steubenville, Ohio, a terrible explosion occurred at the intersection of Fourth and Fifth streets, by which four children lost their lives. It appears that George Edmonds, a miner, some time ago bought a fifty pound can of blasting powder, which he placed in his bedroom to use as was needed. Tuesday morning he went to work and Mrs. Edmonds had occasion to go out, she left the children up in that room. It is supposed that they got some matches and in playing around the powder set it on fire, causing a terrible explosion and setting the house on fire. The oldest child, a girl eight years old was instantly killed, but the other three, the youngest a mere baby, lingered for some time in terrible agony. The explosion caused a terrible excitement in town. The parents of the children are frantic with grief.

SECOND NATIONAL HOMESTEAD ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY.

Dispose of Their Fine Property at Haysville on Monday, June 16—Free Excursion by Steamboat From Foot of Federal Street, Allegheny—Only Ten Miles From Allegheny City on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway—The Finest Water Cure Fronting on the Ohio River—Fine View—Trains to and From the City at Almost Every Hour in the Day.

AT THE GREAT SALE,

On next Monday, the new Robinson House will be opened at Haysville.

BRASS BAND

Will accompany the excursion to and from the sale.

FREE DINNER

served up, after which the balance of the fine lots not sold will be put up and knocked down to the highest bidder.

$29,000 DOLLARS

worth of this property sold at one sale last season—at one sale.

TERMS EASY

—made known on day of sale. No finer opportunity offers you investment.

BE ON HAND

at eight o'clock, foot of Federal street, on next Monday morning, and go with the crowd. Every arrangement has been made to accommodate the crowd.

BESIDES

you have a chance to secure one of the fine lots to be offered at the sale.

A. J. PENTECOST,
Auctioneer.

Second Excursion Over the New Narrow Gauge Railroad on Thursday, June 12.

The demand for property at Castle Shannon has induced the management to give notice that their second sale at Castle Shannon will be on *Thursday, June 12. Over 125 lots* have already been sold. *The fact that this property was bought at low prices before the railroad was surveyed*, enables the company to sell it at less than one fourth the price readily obtained in other localities, double the distance from the city. Free trains will be run every hour, commencing at 9:30, A. M., on the day of sale. The Great Western Band will accompany the 9:30 train, which will be the principal one of the day, and the most desirable on which to go. The property offered is as desirable in every respect as any in the market. Only six miles from the Pittsburg post office, on a new, well built, narrow gauge railroad. It will pay you to attend this sale and buy a lot, now while you are young. The investment must prove a good one, as the property is rapidly increasing in value. Don't miss the train at 9:30, A. M., Thursday, June 12. 2

Be Ye Clothed

In the highest style of the clothier's art by calling at the fashionable clothing house of Messrs. Urfing, Follansbee & Co., corner of Wood street and Fifth avenue, where you will find a very superior assortment of ready-made clothing, not of the make up usually found in such establishments, but every suit cut and seamed, as regards style and durability, with as much precision as if made to order. They have suits of all grades, except the "trashy, shoddy grade," and of this sort they never have any on hand. And their prices are much lower than on suits of the same quality made to order. They also keep a choice selection of furnishing goods, of the latest and freshest styles.

"What Pleasures and Palaces"

Will be found in a very short time in the charming House of Refuge Property, in the Ninth ward, Allegheny.

Attend the Great Sale of Lots there to-day.

Our friend, James W. Drape, the well-known Auctioneer, will be on the grounds, and will be glad to meet you.

No Dangerous Bridges

To cross; no perilous trestle-work to pass over in reaching the splendid Lots situated in that highly delightful position in the City of Allegheny, Ninth ward. The Great Sale of Lots takes place to-day, by

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

James W. Drape & Co.

Auctioneers, sell the beautiful City Lots in House of Refuge Plan, in Ninth ward, Allegheny, to-day. They are the finest lots in the market. Be on hand in time.

JAMES W. DRAPE & CO.
Auctioneers.

Artificial Eloquence.

It has not been thought necessary to enter into flowery descriptions or make exaggerated statements in calling attention to the large and desirable lots now offered by the Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company. This property speaks eloquently for itself. Go and see it on Thursday, June 12th. Don't forget to make a memoranda of prices freely obtained in other localities, and compare them with prices at which you get property at Castle Shannon.

Time is Money.

You can save both by buying your Lot at the Great Sale that takes placein the Ninth ward, Allegheny, to-day, by JAS. W. DRAPE.

Dr. Harris' Summer Cordial

Is warranted to cure Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

BREVITIES.

····Allegheny Councils to-night.

····Strawberries are very plenty in our market at an average of 20 cents per quart.

····Money is easy at low rates of interest on first-class paper. The mails are business good.

····The Catholics of Connellsville are about to erect a costly church in that thriving borough.

····Base ball players are moving to organize a club, and a preliminary meeting will be held to-night.

····The proposed new additions to the Allegheny city buildings, it is estimated, will cost $15,000.

····The regular annual meeting of the Western Associated Press will be held at Put-in-Bay (or Sandusky, O.,) Wednesday, June 25, 1873, at which time the annual reports will be made and officers will be elected for the ensuing year.

····Thomas Evans was found dead on the railroad track at Irondale, Ohio, on Monday, with two bullets through his body. It is supposed that he was murdered, and Patrick Dougherty, of that place, has been arrested on suspicion.

····The contract for build ng forty miles of road for the second track of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad east of Crestline, Ohio, has been awarded to C. B. Squires, of Defiance, Ohio, and work will be commenced in a few days.

····The rooms of the Y. M. C. A. have been closed during the past week, during which time they have been thoroughly renovated and newly papered. This morning they are again opened, and all persons are invited to come and make use of their reading matter, &c.

·····The Duquesne Grays will encamp this season at some station on the Connellsville railroad. They will be under marching orders for July 9th, and will take into camp some five hundred members. The occasion promises to prove most successful from a military point of view.

····There is no truth in the rumor that Major Burnell, of the Fifth avenue Museum, has bought, for exhibition purposes, Captain Jack, of Modoc celebrity. If that great curiosity were in the market, the Major would not be found sleeping when the negotiations are going on for his dusky skin.

····Mr. Kirk, who offered the resolution in Council which called out the investigation into the Butler street contract says that no member of the firm who received the contract ever suggested to him the propriety of an investigation; that he (Mr. Kirk) offered the resolution on his own information and pressed the matter without any suggestions from others.

····Sixty of the members of S. Jude's Cathedral have each become responsible for the liquidation of the debt now being incurred in the erection of the new Episcopal Palace. In union there is strength, and an immense congregation such as that of St. Pauls' can accomplish almost anything. They are willing to assume debt and trust to Providence and their own exertions to discharge it in the end.

····The stockholders of the Artisan's Building and Loan Association, of Allegheny City, held their fourth annual meeting on Tuesday last and elected their officers for the ensuing year as follows: President, George J. Norrish; Vice President, Wm. Flahavhan; Secretary, H. H. Smith; Treasurer, John Heckert; Directors, George A. Cochran, Wm. Thomas, James Otterson, Henry Lewis, Wm. B. McVicker, L. W. Noah, John S. Miller, F. Fernley and Alex. McClelland.

·····Last Thursday Mr. Orlando Baglin, an old and highly esteemed citizen of Washington, Pa., while building a lumber pile in the lumber yard of Messrs. S. B. & C. Hays, was caught under a lot of falling planks, and had both his legs broken, besides suffering severe bruises. He was cautioning a fellow employe to be careful, when he was caught himself. Drs. McKennan & Dougherty rendered every possible attention, and the sufferer at last accounts was doing well, although his age will render his recovery more tedious. Mr. Baglin and his family have the warmest sympathies of their neighbors in their trouble.

PERSONAL.

···Dr. A. H. Gross has been commissioned Surgeon General of the 18th Pennsylvania Military Division.

···Revs. Father Walls and Boyle, of the Cathedral, leave for Europe next week, on several months leave of absence.

···Dr. J. H. Roberts, of the South Side, who has been seriously ill, is now convalescent, and which will prove gratifying to his many patients.

···Dr. George H. Keyser has had nearly half a century's practice in his profession, and is still a close student in all that pertains to the medical science.

···Dr. Dickson, Jr., who has now charge of the Mercy Hospital, occupies front place in the ranks of the medical profession, and well sustains the high reputation surrounding his family name.

···Dr. T. J. Gallaher, one of our most eminent and successful physicians, will leave for an extended tour through Europe next month. He will be accompanied by his family, for all of whom we wish a safe, pleasant and instructive voyage, and a safe return.

···Dr. A. M. Pollock, of this city, delivered the annual presidential address before the State Medical Society of Pennsylvania (Allopathic) now in session at Carlisle. The address was able and dignified, and fully sustained the very high professional reputation of the talented author. In honoring Dr. Pollock the medical profession brings honor to itself.

···The murderer of his father, Walworth, is the nephew of the eloquent Father Walworth, who spent a few days in this city last summer. His uncle, the "Papist," is well known by all our Catholics, having conducted a mission in the Cathedral about twelve years ago, and those who remember the unfortunate parricide, and his many genial traits of character, are at a great loss to account for his terrible crime. Insanity, emotional or otherwise, may excuse him from suffering the penalty of death, but he was as sane a year ago as most people.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

DEPUTY MAYOR IRWIN fined Tim Durgan twenty-five dollars and costs for fast driving on Penn avenue yesterday.

W. J. MORROW and William Garty are charged before Alderman Anderson by Joseph Fairfax, with the larceny of a skiff. Warrant issued.

A WARRANT has been issued by the Mayor of Allegheny for W. McAlindaen, wh is charged with violation of a city ordinance in blockading Boyle street at night with wagons.

FOUR boys, who were found by Officer Merriman loitering around the Cleveland Depot, in the Ninth ward, Allegheny, on Tuesday night, and who could give no account of themselves, were sent to Claremont for thirty days by the Allegheny Mayor.

The Order of the Day

At the great sale of those splendid lots in the 9th ward, Allegheny, to-day.

Prompt sale on long time,

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.,
Auctioneers.

Only Ten Minutes' Ride

From Suspension bridge to the magnificent Property at House of Refuge, in the Ninth ward, city of Allegheny. The Great Sale of the most delightful Lots now offered takes place today, by

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

Mary's Little Lamb

Would find the House of Refuge property, at Wood's Run, a fine place to romp around. Buy a lot for it. Sales take place to-day.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

Time is the Present Hour.

Improve it by going with the masses to the great sale of the House of Refuge lots to-day, at 1:30 P. M., by

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

Rain or Shine.

The great sale of the beautiful lots at House Refuge, will positively take place to day at 1:30 P. M. In the event of rain 1,500 to 2,000 people can find ample house accomodation.

Excelsior.

Six years' time to be given on lots sold at great sale at House of Refuge.

Sale takes place to-day, at 1:30 P. M., by

J. W. DRAPE & CO.

Six Years' Time

To be given to purchasers of those beautiful Lots surrounding House of Refuge, in Allegheny City.

Sale takes place to-day at

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

House of Refuge Lots,

In city of Allegheny, will, double, yes treble, in price in a very few years. Capitalists and speculators keep this in view.

The sale takes place to day.

JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.

Dr. Harris' Summer Cordial

Is warranted to cure Diarrhœa and Dysentery.

THE COURTS.

Yesterday's Proceedings.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE MCCANDLESS.

Robinson, Rea & Co., by leave of Court filed an intervening libel in the case of James Gray and others vs. the steamboat J. Sharp McDonald. John Duff was also allowed a similar privilege in the same case.

John Duff was also allowed to file an intervening libel in the case of Archy Stewart and others vs. the steamboat Oil Valley.

James J. Dougherty was allowed to file an intervening libel in the case of S. J. Erwin et al. vs. A. J. Baker.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—JUDGE COLLIER.

Archibald McCauley was placed on trial on an indictment charging him with keeping a ferocious dog, founded on the oath of Charles Behringer, who alleged that the dog bit him on the hand while complainant was pursuing his work at a mill in the Twelfth ward. A verdict of not guilty was rendered, the prosecutor being ordered to pay the costs.

In the case of Thomas L. Birch, indicted for false pretenses on the oath of John Wilson, on motion of the District Attorney, a *nolle pros.* was entered on payment of costs. It was charged that the accused obtained Wilson's signature to a deed for a lot in the city by falsely representing that certain property owned by him in Illinois was situated near the crossing of the Chicago and Rock Island and Fort Wayne Railroads. There were two indictments against the accused.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Officer James Cunningham, charged with assault and battery on one Louis Souquisman Magistrate's, was next taken up. Cunningham is alleged to have dragged the prosecutor to the Eleventh ward station-house, on the evening of the 30th of April last, without any warrant whatever. On depositing a sum of money the defendant was released for the night, and at the hearing next day was discharged by the Mayor. The charge of the Court will be delivered this morning.

The Grand Jury yesterday morning returned an ignoramus as to James Martin, charged with the murder of Henry Howard, on the 17th of April last.

DISTRICT COURT—NO. 1.

[Before Judge Hampton.]

The testimony and addresses of Counsel to the jury were concluded yesterday in the case of the Pittsburgh Petroleum Company for use of Dr. Bechtler against the Standard Oil Company. This morning the Court will charge the jury.

THE ARGUMENT LISTS

in the other Courts are being disposed of.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth vs.	
John Burke,	Thos. Hunkley,
Thos. Thomson,	Robt. J. Grier,
J. M. Shaffer,	F. Esterson, 2 cases,
Ann Dugan, 2 cases,	Geo. R. Thompson,
Benj. Scott,	George Witmer,
Nancy Semple,	L. Magoffin,
John Williams,	Nancy Allen,
Michael Sheehan,	Norah Shank,
Robt. Fuzier,	F. Young.

IMMENSE CLOSING OUT SALE OF THE OLD ALLEGHENY FOOR FARM.

Tuesday Next, June 17, at 11 A. M., Three Miles from Allegheny City, in the Borough of Millvale, at Beautiful W. P. R. R., Opposite Lawrenceville—The Finest Spot Offered this Season—About Thirty Acres Divided into Acre Lots and Building Lots.

A few minutes' ride on the West Penn Railroad brings you right on the property. Right at the station, West Penn Railroad. No hills; all level.

SALE TO LAST

all day. Train leaves West Penn station, on FEDERAL STREET, MORNING OF SALE, at 8:30, 9 and 9:25 A. M., and during the day.

AMPLE ACCOMMODATIONS ARE BEING made to accommodate 1,000 people on the day of sale.

The grandest sale of the season for many reasons. All persons who have purchased from the city of Allegheny at former sales have found that the terms were so easy, with no disposition to take advantage of purchasers.

WAIT

only one week and go and see the finest property offered this season. This property would not be in the market to-day were it not for the reason that the new house has been built and almost ready to occupy.

FREE DINNER

will be served up on the grounds.

LONG TIME

to pay. One-fourth down and five annual payments, with interest.

BRASS BAND

in attendance on day of sale.

$20

down on the sale of each and every lot.

THE BEAUTIFUL

spot occupied by the Homestead affords one of the finest views of the surroundings. The choice spot of Millvale borough, planted with fruit trees, shrubbery, sold in vine cultivation, rich. This is the spot for a home. Buy at this sale and you will always be satisfied with your investment. It is the calculation to have the property vacated before the day of sale, the new house being nearly ready.

YOU NEED

no balloons to reach this property, nor diving bells to find your stakes.

If on the day of sale you should miss the train,

A FEW MINUTES'

walk will bring you to the spot.

Get on the

PENN STREET CARS

and